# Spirit of Jefferson.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY, BY JAMES W. BELLER,

rlestown, Jefferson County, Virginia OFFICEON MAIN STREET, A FEW DOORS ABOVE THE VALLEY BANK,)

VALLEY BANK,)

At \$2 00 in advance—\$2 50 if paid within the year—or \$3 00 if not paid until after the expiration of the year.

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27 ADVERTIEMENTEN WILL be inserted at the rate of \$1 00 per square for the first three insertions, and 25 cents for each continuance. Those not marked on the manuscript for a specified time, will be inserted until forbid, and CHARGED ACCOMBINGLY. A Liberal discount made of those who advertise by the year.

The following gentlemen have kindly consented to act as Agents for our paper, and will forward money for subscriptions, &c., or receive any additional names to our list that can be procured. The present is a favorable time for advancing our enterprise, and we hope those who may feel an interest in its success, will give us their aid

WM. J. STEPHENS, Harpers-Ferry; Join G. Wilson, do Solomon Staley, Shepherdstown; WM. or James Burn. Elk Branch; Join Clore Ziec, Chemb COOK. Zion Church; RONEMOUS OF ADAM LINE, Sen., Union Scho

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JOHN H. LIKENS, Martinsburg;
JOHN H. LIKENS, Martinsburg;
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JOHN BURKATH, Hillsburg, L. Loudoun county;
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GEORGE GILBERT, Romney, Hampshire county;
GERBIEL JOHNA OF W. BERK, LIATY, Page county;
Col. ANDREW KEYSER, Hope Mills, do
Capt. PETER PRIOE, Springfield, do
PACOMAL, GRAVES, Markesville, do
E. W. WOOD, Cedar Point, do
JACOE STROLE, Grove Hill, do
JACOE STRO

NEW ESTABLISHMENT. THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Charlestown, and Jefferson County generally, that he has opened a new TINNING ESTABLISHMENT in the house formerly occupied by Mr. Wm Lloyd as a Gun-smith Shop, where he will at all times keep on hand a general tment of TIN WARE, SHEET-IRON, assortment of THY WARE, SHEET-ROW, dc., and will make to order, every article in his line of business at short notice and on the most reasonable terms. He is also prepared to attend to all orders for Roofing and Spouting. From his experience in business, he feels justified in saying that all work done by him, will be inferior to none done in this section of country, and his prices shall be made to suit the times.

He will be happy to supply Country Marchants

He will be happy to supply Country Marchants with Tin Ware, and will make his terms such as to make it to their interest to deal with him.

ENOCH O'BANNON.

TO FARMERS AND OTHERS. Domestics, Domestics.

Charlestown, Feb. 1, 1848.

E are receiving and have on hand,
25 pieces & plain Osnaburg for shirting,
do Twilled for pants,
do Maryland Pen'y plaids for dresses,
do Plain Brown Cottons 4-4,

Extra fine, Bleached from 10 to 20 cents, leached and Brown sheetings 6-4 to 12-4 wide,

Bleached and Brown sheetings 6-4 to 12-4 wide, 10 pieces Patapsco Bagings,
Prepared knitting Cotton—Brown, Bleached and Blue Burlap Linens, &c., &c.
Our stock being very large, and purchased at the lowest prices, enables us to sell at the shortest profits and on liberal terms to good dealers. We ask a call. GIBSON & HARRIS.

January 25.

Godey's Lady's Book and Family MAGAZINE.

THE oldes. Magazine in the United States, contains monthly sixty pages of Reading matter, by the first writers in the country,—twelve more than the New York Magazines. Two splendid steel engravings, and undeniable authentic colored monthly Fashion plate, Model Cottages and Churches, Cruchet Work, and other matters or the Ladies, all illustrated and well explain-

for one year, which includes the three publications in one month, 83 00 copies without the Lady's Dollar Paper, 5 00 copies with 1 to the person sending the club 10 00 15 00

12 copies,
A specimen of, either the Lady's Book, or the
Lady's Dollar Newspaper sent to any person paying postage on the request.
Address,
No. 113 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia.

January 25, 1848.

THE Farm in Clarke County, belonging to the Apply to R. PARKER.
Charlestown, January 18, 1848—tf.

FOR HIRE, FEMALE Servant, who is a good Cook and

Washer. KEYES & KEARSLEY. J. L. McPHAIL,

Fashionable Hat and Cap Manufacturer, 132 Baltimore st., Baltimore,

KEPPS constantly on hand, or Manufactures
to order, every description of HATS
and CAPS. The latest Paris and New York

Fashions are gotten out in a few days after their

To desilers in the Valley of Virginia, generally, the undersigned bega leave to tender his most grateful acknowledgment for the kind patronage herecofore extended towards him, and hopes to merit a continuance of their favors. For the Spring trade, a choice variety and assortment will be in store at an early day.

Baltimore, Dec. 31, 1847—6m.

A NEW OYSTER SALOON. GEORGE B. MONROE desires to inform his C EORGE B. MONROE desires to inform his old customers, and as many new ones as may wish to patronize him, that he has taken a room adjoining the Basement Bar of SAPPINGTON'S HOTES, Charlestown, where he will be pleased to accommodate his friends in the same manner that he did at his old stand, and by so doing he expects to share the patronage of the Town and County. He returns his sincere thanks to the generous public for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to him.

January 18, 1848.—1m.

Prepare for Spring.

THE Subscribers have received a very large supply of 4-4 and f Brown Cottons, heavy, plain and twilled Osnaburgs, Penttentiary Plaids, Barlap Linens, with all Goods required by Farmers for Spring clothing for their servants, all of which have been bought at reduced prices, and will be sold by piece or otherwise.

Jan. 18.

ANDIESES.

CANDLES.—Just received Mould and Dipped Tallow Candles—also, Sperm and Adaman-tine for sale low by THOS. RAWLINS.

forty-five minutes; being more than four busicles to the hour.

I hereby certify that the above Machine in my Barn with a three horse power hulled out in thirty minutes, a fraction less than two bushels of Clover Seed for me. I was present when the Seed above referred to by Mr. Spaw was hulled, and concur with him as to the time consumed in the operation.

the operation.
I may add, that I feel warrented in expressing I may add, that I feel warrented in expressing the opinion, that under favorable circumstances as to horse power, condition of Seed, &c., the above Machine is readily capable of hulling from four to five bushels per hour.

Jan 15, 1848.

1. R. DOUGLASS.

Judge of the Superior Court.

Those having Seed would do well to give me a call before getting it out. Jan. 18, 1848. BENJ. TOMLINSON. Free Press Copy.

HOGAN & THOMPSON, Wholesale Booksellers, Stationers, AND PUBLISHERS,

No. 30 North Fourth Street, Philadelphia. A NNOUNCE to their friends, and to merchants generally, in the Valley of Virginia, that their stock of Books and Stationary for the coming business season of 1848 will be larger and better as-

ness season of 10-10 will be larger ann outer as-sorted than at any former period. It will embrace every article in the trade which is required for the sales of the country merchant.

In consequence of the change in their terms of selling, they are enabled to offer SCHOOL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS, PAPERS, and BLANK BOOKS Are at prices so greatly reduced. BLANK BOOKS, &c. at prices so greatly reduced from former rates, as to make it to the interest of all who deal in these articles to purchase from

all who deal in these articles to purchase from their stock.

Hitherto the system of crediting small amounts has involved an expense in their collection, and as H. & T. now sell only for CASH, or such negatiable notes as are sure to be paid in bank at their maturity, the saving to those who choose to deal in this manner will be a very considerable per centage on their purchase.

Few dealers in the country buy more than \$200 worth of stationary in a season, many not over one-half, and a large portion not more than one-fourth of that amount. There is not a dealer, therefore, who visits Philadelphia who would be inconvenienced by paying these small sums in Cash, and as each can save money by doing: so, H. & T. believe they are offering an inducement which will gladly be embraced by those who make their purchases in Philadelphia. Those who enter into such an arrangement will be enabled to sell at prices much below their former rates at home, and will consequently reap a larger aggregate profit from the increased amount of their sales.

sales.

Having a Paintino Office for copperplate and type work, and an extensive Bindeny, H. & T. are prepared to fill orders from Banks and Public Offices, when forwarded through merchants, at exremely low prices.
Philadelphia, January 18, 1848.—tf.

Dissolution of Co-Partnership. THE partnership heretofore existing between Thomas Lock and J. H. Sherman, known by the firm of Thomas Lock & Co. was, on the 7th inst. dissolved, by mutual consent.

THOS. LOCK.
J. H. SHERMAN.

Smithfield, Jefferson Co., Va., }
January 18, 1848—tf.

WOULD inform my friends and the public generally, that I have purchased Mr. Sherman's interest in the Store, and that I am now prepared and determined to sell Goods as low, if not lower, than they can be had in the town.

I most respectfully invite all persons to call and examine the quality and prices of my Goods. I take this opportunity of returning to my friends and the public generally, my thanks for the liberal patronage hereiofore extended to me, and hope by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of their favors.

T. LOCK.

Smithfield, Jan. 18, 1848—if.

From the Richmond Enquirer. It is a favorite game of the Whigs to sing the praises of the great Mexican chieftain, Santa Anna—and the withdrawn resolution of Mr. II. C. Cabell at the Whig meeting on Tuesday night referred to Santa Anna as a "General of skill, of exhaustless resources of mind and pos-sessing the confidence of the Mexican people."— This resolution, gravely offered, was treated by This resolution, gravely offered, was treated by some of the "green" ones as a mere jet a desprit. As the best commentary upon it, we furnish them, below, another jeu d'esprit, for their amusement. We find it in the Harlford Times, at the conclusion of an outline of Mr. Bedinger's speech, which we have heard most highly spoken of for its humor and effect. It was made in reply to the "theatrical" display of Mr. Tompkins of Mississippi. We trust that the Richmond Whigs will not be offended with the compliments to Old not be offended with the co

Mississippi. We trust that the Richmond Whigs will not be offended with the compliments to Old Zac in the doggrel verses. They will observe that this, too, is a mere jett d'esprit:

"The genleman from Mississippi had landed the 'Napoleon of the North, and characterized him as a man who could strike out of chaos an army to overthrow his country. But who was this Santa Anna? He was the same individual who was taken prisoner with all his army, by Gen. Houston, with a handful of men; and at Cerro Gordo he was as fleet as Fashion, and ran so fast that he left one leg behind him. (Laughter) Sir, said Mr. Bedinger, the gentleman's praises of Santa Anna remind me of some very curious verses which I met with some time ago. They were written by some very witty and humorous person; whoever he may be, I wish I knew him; but I do not. The verses were first repeated to me by a very lovely lady. I must beg the permission of the committee to repeat them. I would not for the world infringe the dignity of this very dignified lady; but really they suit so well with the recent glorification of Santa Anna, pronounced by the gentleman from Mississippi, that I must beg to repeat them. I think they ran some how thus: "—

Foit Mexicanus homo,
Santa Anna was his name, oh?
Millis feroces multi,
Dark-complexioned whiskerandl,
Whole-hog Mexicana were under
This belicorus sun of thunder.
Viginit thomsand ragged brutes,
Half-starved, not fed, et sinc boots,
Fame not fama driven on,
Miscrimus set to look upon.

Santa Anna ante dietus,
Homo qui never yet has licked us,
Multum jactatum that he would
Split Taylor into kindling wood;
Marched boldly up, confiding in
His twenty thousand scamps to win
The bloody pugnam, and to crack
Alike the head and hopes of Zack.

Taylor Americanus dux
Prepared to give him some hard knocks,
Audium their old cracked drums ratie,
Made looking baste to give them battle.

Muros Splitillo muck sapetit.

Muros Saltillo muck aspetit, Firmly resolved to die or take it.

Jam little novit Santa Anna,
Of our brave boys, who never ran a—
Way from diabolus vetus Ipse.
Much less from such half-starved and tipsy,
Swarnly, diminutive Mexicani,
But always whipped them, few or many.

But always whipped them, few or many.

Apad Saltilium Taylor fult,
It seems that Santa Anna knew it,
So scaled his copias right up to it.
Et down on Taylor ille ruit;
Sed Taylor fortier stood his ground,
Cock fighting Santa Anna found
A much more pleasant kind of game
Quam in hoe modo ceeking fame,
Our story & brevis—ille ran,
And in retreating led the van,
Relinquit alignos, on the field
To most their long legs proved a shield.

Noster advice to Santa Anna.

Norter advice to Santa Anna, Is that he go back to Havana-

We made it in the face of Heaven. We then pledged our lives, our property, (that, indeed, was but little,) and our sacred honor, that we would vindicate our just and natural rights against the despot and oppressor. We did this; and after the tyrant lay manacled at our feet, we liberated the captive. It was after the declaration of Texan independence—after that the despot was in the military control of the country, when victory had justified our cause, and triumph and success had crowned our declaration of independence—it was then that the tyrant directed the order, and sent crowned our declaration or masses to his general, (Filisola), to vacate the territory which was now the independent territory which was now the independent territory of a nation which had risen up and declaration of a nation which had risen up and declaration of a nation which had risen up and declaration of a nation which had risen up and declaration of a nation which had risen up and declaration of a nation which had risen up and declaration of the creating power of Divine Providence.

It was not the complete the monard of the creating power of Divine Providence with his troops from the soil of Texas; and where with his troops from the soil of Texas; and where with his troops from the soil of Texas and the Nuccess. That was not the bondary. But they do not stop at the Rich Grande. That was not the bondary. But they do not stop at the Rich Grande. That was not the bondary. But they do not stop at the Rich Grande and the search of the creating power of Divine Providence.

Texas, and they first stopped at Monterey, leaving the mercial declaration of hostilities by her providence, and they first stopped at Monterey, leaving the mercial of the providence of the search of the creating power of Divine Providence of the creating power of Divine Providence and the search of the creating power of Divine Providence and the creati then that the tyrant directed the order, and sent the mandate to his general, (Filisola,) to vacate cce being its boundary pending the negotiations for annexation; but it is only since this war began that this question has been raised by its enemies. But still more. By a law passed in 1836, it was promulgated to all the civilized world that the Rio Grande was the boundary of Texas.—This boundary was then defined and strictly laid out as beginning at the mouth of the river of that name; then running a northwest course up the middle of the river, from thence, crossing in a line particularly defined over the territory of the United States, on to the occan. This was then declared by law to be the boundary of Texas. This was not done in a corner—it was not hid under a bushel; but it was promulgated in the face of all the civilized world. This was in 1836. This was then recognized as being our boundary by the United States; this was then recognized as being our boundary by France; it was for coognized by Holland; it was so recognized by Belgium. It was not questioned by any one, or by any power, but that this was our boundary. No man can contest this truth. All Christendon recognized this to be the boundary of Texas, by their subsequent acts. [Great applause.] But this is not all; the evidence thickens upon me; but time will not allow that I should bring it all forms. but time will not allow that I should bring it all forward telore you. When Mexico invaded Tex-as, she crossed the Rio Grande, and wasted and plundered the rancheros which were on the Tex-dri side of it. When she came to spoil our coun-

plundered the rancheros which were on the Texsin side of it. When she came to spoil our country, to ravage our land, to burn our villages and
our farms, and spread destruction and desolation
over the country of Texas, she crossed the Rio
Grande, and then and there she began her work
of spoil and devastation. And again, after these
fartive exploits, when she fled, driven away with
infamy by our soldier-citizens, she skulked back
again to hide in her fastnesses on the other side
of that river. This was declared and manifested
before all the world to be the boundary of Texas,
and this long before the act of annexation with
the United States. Nor is this all; Mexico, after two successive outrages upon Texas, still refused to learn wisdom by experience. The Prosident of Texas ordered and prepared an army
which crossed over the Rio Grande, reduced Guerrero, and recroased it again at its leisure, saying
effectually to Mexico, "We can cross over into
your country, if necessary, as well as you can
ours. You stay where you are, and we will let
you alone." They never crossed again. The
unfortunate Mier expedition arose out of this state
of things. It cost us much trouble to teach Mexico that our boundary must be respected by hier,
or clse that her boundary would not be regarded
by us. But this is not all. Mexico never occupled this country after our independence was declared and asserted. We poseesed and occupied
the country, and would not permit the establishment of any Mexican settlement in the country
we occupied. In all the negotiations which were
entered into in relation to the armistice, there was
no question raised of the Nueces being the boundary of Texas; but our commissioners went on
the other side of the Rio Grande to meet the Mexican commissioners, and there it was they negotiated for, an armistice. Again: when Santa Anna put

A DESIGNATION FIRST ASS 15-18-8

NO. 32

A DESIGNATION FOR Example of the control so certain, it appears to my mind, must the Anglo-Saxon race pervade the whole southern extremity of this vast continent, and the people whom God has placed here in this land, spread, prevail, and pervade throughout the whole rich empire of this great hemisphere. The manner of the consumptions of the consumption of mation of this grand result, I cannot predict; but there is an instinct in the American people which impels them on ward, which will lead them to per-

which he alledged, to an illiterate woman, was a sovereign. The woman gave Dangan a part of his change and while she was gone to obtain the rest, discovered the cheat—he escaped.

That's no more than passing off Harrison, as a Bank man. Go it, John—you have as good a right to cheat with the medals as the Whige had to cheat with Harrison.—Stavnton Deva.

Good Advice.—A correspondent says:—Mr. Albert Gallatin is out with another essay to ealighten the public on "the expenses of the war." If Mr. Gallatin, instead of expending his talents and experience on a subject so self-evident as the expensiveness of war, would direct them to show us how to reduce its cost, or how to pay it off in the shortest possible time, the public would be much more obliged to him. more obliged to him.

THE BLACKS IN CANADA .- The New York Commercial Advertiser notices the statement which lately went the rounds of the papers as to a flourishing colony of blacks, 20,000 strong, among them many fugitive slaves, existing between Lakes Huron and Eric in Canada, and

Why this is a population greater than any Why this is a population greater than any town or city in the province can boast of, except Quobec and Montreal. We do not at this moment recollect the number of colored persons in the United Province, but we think it does not exceed three thousand, unless they have rapidly increased within two years. On the Thames, in the London district, the first colony was planted, and there the largest number was collected. They have been there several years, and great offorts have been made in the province and in the States to support them, but with fittle prospect of ultimate success. In this new settlement, between "Lakes Huron and Erie," there may be a few hundreds.

LORD BYRON AND THE PRESS.—The following remarks were made by Lord Byron in speaking of some comments made by the newspapers regarding his poem.—"Hours of Idleners:"

"There is no man, however thick-headed or the manner of the season man, however the season man, however the season man, however the season manner as known than the season manner as known than the season manner as the seas

"There is no man, however thick-headed or heartless, who would not smart under a knowledge that he was beld up in even fifty copies of newspapers; there is, however, no one but a very thin akined fool would stop a paper because it did not chime in with all his notions, or because it attacked him. Whatever foible I may have I am not guilty of this miscrable foolery."

Immigration.—During the last year 129,082 immigrants arrived at New York of whom 53, 180 were Germans, and 53,940 Irishmen. The largest number from any other one country was 8,871 from England. The best time for pruning vines is in March or

THOS. RAWLINGS, of Brooklyn, N. Y.

January 31, 1848

LONDON, June 18, 1847, 

13, George Street, Hanover Square. 

To Thomas Rawlings, Esq:—Dear Sir.—In reply to your letter of the 17th, inquiring my opinion of the general character of the lands and climate of Western Virginia, I can only repeat that the high eulogies which I expressed on that section of the United States, in my work on America, which you have quoted, (vol. 11, pp. 251 and 539.) are fully deserved; and that if I were 50, instead of 50 years old, there is no part of the Western World in which I sliculd be more delighted to become a settler than there; being persuaded that to any man, or any family, possessing suaded that to any man, or any family, possessin only moderate means, and a proper degree of ea ergy and perseverance, there is no part of the

Milion's Paradisc Lost, from the pencil of Martin, where mountains spiled on mountains go om with accomulated grandeur, rising above and yet receding beyond each other, till they are lost in immensity of space, while the valley of the foreground has all the softest features of rural beauty hat could be expected to adorn the garden of Eden. Magnificent as are many portions of these United States in scenery, Virginia carries off the palm, and the territory of the Old Dominion' not only forms the largest of the States, but must be

only forms the largest of the States, but must be pronounced by every impartial witness to be the most grand and the most beautiful."

In page 539 he adds—"Virginia is a magnificent State, larger in area than any other in the Union, and more diversified and beautiful in its scenery, with one of the noblest bays and one of the finest harbers in the world, as well as some of the most beautiful rives on the globe. Her climate and predections embrace, on the whole, a greater variety also than any other State; and while the men of Virginia are among the largest and finest in stature, with more healthy complexion, and more robust and vigorous frames, than are to be found in any other Atlantic State, the women are neither so diminutive in size, so spare or sicreder in figure, so pale in complexion, or so consumptive in constitution, as the women

spare or slorder in figure, so pale in complexion, or so consumptive in constitution, as the women of the North.

I have seen it stated, that when Sir John Sinclair, the celebrated agriculturist, turned his attention to Virginia as the land of his future home, and corresponded with General Washington on the subject, asking his advice as to the best portion of the States for a gentleman farmer to rette in, the General recommended him to fix on Virginia as the Arcadia of this continent. I confess that I should have given the same advice to may friend who had consulted me upon the same subject. For a healthy, tranquil, and abundantly rewarded sgricultural and pastoral life, I can imagine nighting superfor, in soil, climate, scenery, and salabrity, to that delightful zone. It would creat note, form an a precable home for the industrious emigrant, with a little espital and knowledge of farming."

COINCIDENCE .- The death of two children, sev cral months old, took place in Boston on Monday, and it was stated that they were twins, and were attacked with convulsions, from which they died. The convulsions seized them apparently at the same moment, and their deaths occurred at the same instant of time.

NAVAL -Capt. Charles Boarman, of Martins

### Misrellancous:

shall be approved by your own conscience, and by your God. Remember, that if you would be raspected, and beloved by your friends, and the world at large, the inestinable gem of benevolence must be kept bright, by active exercise.

[Teacher's Gift.

The following, although brief, is beautiful and clear:—" Every fly, and every pebble; and every flower, are tutors in the great school of Nature, to instruct the mind and improve the heart. The four elements are the four volumes in which all the works are written. Every man has in his own life, follies enough—in his own mind, troubles enough—in the performance of his duties deficiencies enough—without being curious about the affairs of others."

A Pairrut Sight.— To see young men lounging about, month after mouth, neither working nor desiring work. But how many such sights are to be seen in every cummunity! How many are found who have not sense of shame, which is necessary to force them of the lounger's scat, but enough of that false pride which will not allow them to take hold of employment if it does not happen to be genteel and profitable! Alas! the false of such is sealed; they will not to the grace unof such is sealed; they will go to the grave unloved, unmourned, soon to be forgotten by all.

AN EXTRAORDINARY STORY .- A currespondent of the Newark Advertiser, at Augusta, Geo., relates the following remarkable case of gourman-dizing, which recently occurred in that city.—We don't believe a word of it, notwithstanding the writer saye that it was witnessed by several

the writer says that it was witnessed by several respectable persons:

The subject was a negro man of middling age and size, weighing about 150 lbs., who, in the short space of two hours, at the usual hour for breakfast, ate and drank the enformous quantity of provisions comprised in the following list, viz:

13 cat-fish, 2 shad, 11 dozen bacquits, 40 flat cakes, 11 lbs butter, 6 link sansages, 23 eggs, 30 cars of corn, 4 chickens, 2 slices beet steak and 2 of liver, 1 gallon back-bone stow, 2 large plates of rice; 19 cups of coffee, and 1 pint of brandy.

The inconvenience attending this experiment was so trifling that he immediately walked to another quarter of the city and ate 17 water melons, expressing a desire to partake of more could they

ther quarter of the city and ate 17 water melons, expressing a desire to partake of more could they have been found. It may be proper to add, in connection with the above, and it would seem strange too, that as regards his ordinary habits of cating and drinking, he is remarkably abstenious. TALK AFTER Chunch .- Well laura, give

TALK AFTER CHUNCH.—"Well laura, give me a short kerch of the sermon.—Where was the text?" "Oh, I don't know. I have furget ten it. But would you believe it, Mrs. V. wore that horrid homet of here. I couldn't keep my eyes off it all meeting time. Miss P. had on a lovely little pink one; and Miss T. wore a new shawl that must have cost fifty dollars. I wonder her tolks don't see the folly of such extravagance. And there was Mrs. H., with her perlise. Its astounding what a want of taste some folks exhibit." "Well; it you have forgotten the aermon, you have not the audience. But which preacher do you, prefer, this one or Mr. A. """Oh, Mr. A. He's so handsome, and so graceful. What an eye, and what a set of teeth he has!"

the bienda of Geo. Titosil burg, Berkley county, has been appointed to the command of the U. S. frigate Brandywine, on the Brazile station.

Gor Home.—Major Bliss is now in Lebanon, N H., at the residence of his mother.



CHARLESTOWN:

Tuesday Morning, February 15, 1848 FOR STATE SENATOR.

Democratic Nominee, HIEROME L. OPIE, ESQ., or JEFFERSON.

Whig Nominee,
JOHN S. GALLAHER, ESQ., OF FREDERICK.

The Editor deems it proper to say to his readers, that he expects to be absent from his post for the next week or two, on business personal to himself. He leaves his paper, however in the hands of those, who have kindly consented to give our Whig friends "Jesse," should

occasion make it necessary. THE SPRING BLEGTION. Upon consultation with many of our Demo-cratic friends of the County, it is deemed best that we should present candidates of our own political faith for the Legislature, at the approaching election. For the last three years we have ment of our own was designated as imbecile and suffered the Whigs to hold the matter in their own hands, from an indisposition to engage in a military distinction. In short, the whole vocabu contest apparently hopeless. Such, however, we do not believe to be the case at present, and it is our own, as well as the opinion of our friends in the different parts of the County, that | Hon. gentleman against all who had directly or If we present the names of two candidates, true | indirectly aided in bringing on this iniquitous and and trusty, who are willing to go into the canvass with energy and zeal, that success will politic to express sentiments such as these, but crown our efforts, and that old Jefferson will be once again redeemed from Federal domination. and by them he, (and the Whig party of the dis-Let us at least make the effort. We have every thing to encourage us to vigorous and harmoniour forces should be marshalled, and our party organization made perfect, against the great Presidential struggle. Let us therefore begin in have their swords whetted and their armor burntime, and do our duty and our whole duty, in the ished, that speedy vengeance may be visited upon elections of Virginia the coming Spring. The next Legislature is an important one, and every lifiers of her Federal head. vote in that body may be of service to the great

cause of Républican liberty.

The usual course adopted in this county, in nominating candidates, is to appoint Delegates, (10 we would suggest,) from the different precincts of the County, to meet in general Convenday proposed for the holding of the Convention the present year, is Friday, 3d day of March, 12 o'clock, M. The precinct meetings, for the appointment of Delegates, will be held as fol-

At the Court-House, on Monday next, (Courtday,) at 2 o'clock, P. M.

In Smithfield, at the Public School-House, on Saturday, 26th February, at 21 o'clock, P. M. In Shepherdstown, on the 26th, at Joseph Ent-

fer's Hotel, at 24 o'clock, P. M.

The Harpers-Ferry Precinct has already appointed Delegates for the object contemplated, and if it be found necessary to enlarge the number, our friends there can best arrange it among

We hope these meetings may be well attended by the Democrats of the different Precincts, and we but so determine, and go into the contest with a proper spirit, success will crown our efforts. Once more then, a long pull, a strong pull, and a pull altogether!

OUR CANDIDATE.

principles of both nominees are known to all. The one, Mr. Opis, indentified with the cause of Democracy-a firm supporter of the present Administration, in its noble efforts to preserve untarnished the honor and glory of our country; the other, the champion of Whiggery and the opposer of the present Government and its measures.

We know we do not ask too much of every De mocrat, in view of the importance of the coming election, to stand by his principles and to sustain by his exertions and his vote, the candidate of our

WINCHESTER, Feb. 2, 1848.

To Highous L. Offic, Eq.:

Dear Six—We have been instructed by the Senatorial Convention which assembled at this place on the list inst., to inform you of your unanimous nomination by that body as a candidate to represent this District in the Senate of Virginia. It gives is great pleasure to carry out the instructions of the Convention, and trusting that it may accord with your convenience to accept the nomination, we beg to submit ourselves

Your obedient servants,

E. W. MASSEY, Pres't

FRANCIS YATES, Vice Pres'ts.

FEBRUARY 12, 1849. GENTLEMEN:—I have received your communication informing me that the Democratic Convention which assembled in Winchester on the 1st Inst., had unanimously selected use as their candidate for the Senato. I accept the nomination, and tender my friends, throughout the District, my sincers acknowledgments for the honor conferred.

Yours respectfully,

Yours respectfully,

H. L. OPIE.

To E. W. Massey, President, and Francis Yarks and WM. SMITH, Vice Presidents of the Senatorial Con

THE CAUSE OF THE WAR .- The Boston Pos reports Gen. Pierce as stating on his reception in that city, that while in the city of Mexico, he conversed daily and freely about the war with Mexicans of all professions, and did not find one who attributed its commencement on the part of Mexi-oo to any question of boundary. The army was raised and sent forth for the purpose of reconquering the whole of Texas.

Ex President John Tyler, has published i card, in which he contradicts a report that he was taking any part, active or passive, in urging Gen. Taylor for the Presidency. This is remarkable, because "Honest John," is about the only broken down politician that has not sought to fasten himself upon "Old Rough and Ready."

IT A meeting of the friends of Gen. Taylor has been called in Cincinnatti. . The call is headed by some of the leading citizens of the place. and the Chronicle anticipates a large and enthuWHIG CONVENTION.

The Whig Senatorial Convention for nomina-ing a candidate from this District, met in the Court-House, Charlestown, on Thursday last .-The attendance of Delegates was very slim, no more than 12 or 15 from the three counties; and we have never before seen a Convention of any kind where there was less interest or feeling manifested. 'HERRY BERRY, Esq., was chosen President of the Convention. John E. Page, Esq., Vice President, Dr. Wm. F. Alexander and Joseph Tidball Esors, Secretaries

A Committee was appointed to nominate a capdidate for Senator, who presented the name of JOHN S. GALLAHER, Esq , the present incumbent, which nomination was confirmed by the Convention. The peculiar mode adopted for making the nomination, precluded the possibility of the friends of any of the other aspirants, (than the one recommended by the Committee,) being heard, or their claims fairly considered, except by putting themselves in open hostility to the nominee of the Committee. Hence, for the want of courage to make known their first choice, the members of the Convention quietly acquiesced, and to appearances gave to Mr. GALLAHER & unani-

Among the speeches delivered before the Convention, was one by ROBERT Y. CONRAD, Esq., o Winchester, remarkable alike for its inaccuracies, as for its violence and its vindictiveness. The Mexican War was the great topic. The President was denounced for having ordered our troops to take a position opposite to Matamoras, for the sole purpose of goading Mexico to rebellion, and defending by the sword her injured rights and outraged honor! Mexico was designated as a poor, weak, inoffensive Republic, whilst the Governambitious-eager for conquest, and thirsting for lary of the Giddings school was brought in requi sition, to defend the injured rights of Mexico, and to pour forth the deep-toned indignation of the unjust war. He knew it might not be considered they were the honest expressions of his heart trict, of course,) must stand or fall. Well, be it so. The Democracy will never falter. In this contest as in others, they are ready and willing to stand by their country. When treason stalks abroad in the glare of day, it behooves them to their country's enemies, and the traducers and vil-

With singular inconsistency, after denouncing Mr. Polk for bringing on the War, Mr. CONRAD argued throughout his whole speech, that the annexation of Texas was the great cause of all our difficulties. He denominated this act as rash, un-necessary and indiscreet. Now upon whom forsooth, does this measure rest? The question was presented to the American people, and with great unanimity they declared in favor of it. Honest JOHN TYLER, (in one respect, like Mr. CONRAD nimself, a former Democrat of the old Jackson school,) was then in the Presidential Chair, and carried out the known and expressed wish of the American people, by the annexation of Texas, to all intents and purposes, before Mr. Polk came into nower. With what justice, then, if the annexation of Texas was the cause of the War, do you denounce an Administration who had no hand in bringing it about, but are forced to vield the honor of the greatest measure of the age, to one of your own choosing.

If we have said in the above, any thing that may be considered unkind to Mr. CONRAD, we must find our justification in the speech itself .-We but express the feelings of a large portion of his own political friends in this region, when we say that his remarks alike surprised and mortified the true friends of his country. He has heretofore been considered a gentleman remarkable for his discretion, and courtesy to his political opponents. Below we give Mr. Oris's letter of acceptance, But on the occasion referred to, he out-Heroded of the nomination recently tendered by the Demo- Herod, and suffering his prejudices to get the betcratic Senatorial Convention. The candidates of ter of his reason, he gave expression to sentiments both parties, are now before the people. The discreditable to a Virginian, unjust to his political opponents, and as false in reason as they were per-

verted in fact. RICHARD W. BARTON and JOSEPH TIDBALL, Esq'rs. also favored the Convention with short ad- dations of this establishment. Whilst the terms

tinues. The Whigs have not yet decided whether they will run a general or a civilian-Mr. Clay or Gen. Taylor. If they select Mr. Clay, they will put forth more directly the principles of their party. If they run Gen. Taylor, they will resort to more humbugs and devices for the purpose of throwing their principles into the shade, under the plea of a no party candidate, whilst they believe that he nation, which renders it one of the best magazines is a decided Whig. We find in the " Salem (Indiana) Democrat" a letter from from G. May, who declares that in the late Whig Convention at Indianapolis, Mr. Albert S. White, ridiculed all the 9th ult. The object of the meeting was dedoubts upon the matter-said he "could youch for clared to be to establish a general system of eduthe fact that Gen. Taylor was a Whig, good and cation, beginning with Matamoras and extending true—that his written pledges were in the pocket | it into the country as fast as practicable. Mexi of a Senator of the United States-that there were. Whige present who had seen them-that if made chief magistrate of this Union, his entire cabinet should be selected from the Whig party-and that none of the opposition could ever obtain office through any agency of his."

The editor of the "Portsmouth (Ohio) Clipper," a Whig paper, has hauled down the name of Gen. Taylor from his mast head, as a candidate for the Presidency; and upon doing so, he frankly states his reasons. He savs:

"When we placed his name there as our first "When we placed his name there as our first choice for the Presidency, we did so because we believed him to be a Whig—good and true. We have since, however, been made satisfied that we were, in part, mistaken. His numerous letters have not disclosed his principles." \* "Gen. Taylor cannot say to a Whig meeting, 'Iaccept your nomination for the candidacy for the Presidency,' and in the next breath accept the nomination of a locoloco meeting, and receive our support."

A dinner was given to Lieut: Col. Randolph of the Va. Regiment, by his friends and neighbors in Warren county, on Friday the 21st ultimo. The entertainment is spoken of as a sumptuous one, being prepared by Mr. T. L. Blake-

Cal. Robert Turner presided, assisted by a num. er of Vice Presidents.

THE CONVENTION

A slight inaccuracy having occurred in the put-ished proceedings as to the Balloting of the Democratic Senatorial Convention, as given in our last

80 20 Frederick, Clarke, Hierome L. Ople 2 160: 11 220 7 Richard E. Bird 7 560 252

James Castleman

No nomination.

3d Ballot. Frederick. Clarke. Jefferson. Total. Hieroma L. Ople 7. 560 11 220 13 468 1948 Richard E. Bird 3 240 Edward W. Massey 4 144 144 957 [The figures at the top of the counties indicate the number of votes each Delegate from the several counties at the figures opposite the names of was entitled to, and the figures opposite the names of vote for each of the gentlemen named,]

THAT MUTTON.

It appears by the following, that the "Rich-mond Republican" was in error, as to the rearing of that fine mutton, presented by JAMES CASTLE MAN, Esq., of Clarke County, to Gov. Smith o Virginia, on the occasion of the Shield and Quitman Dinner, at the Governor's mansion. render unto Casar the things that are Casar's we deem it our duty to give the following cor-

To the Editors of the Richmond Republican: "A mistake was made in the statement about Mutton taken by Mr. Castleman to Governor nith. He was raised, bred and fattened by me, and sold to Mr. Castleman. His weight was correctly stated, (viz: 183 gross, 111 nett,) but he was only 22 months old. He was (with others he was only 22 months old. He was (with others i have) by a Cotswold buck loaned me by neighbor, Josiah W. Ware; his dam was by a part bred buck, out of a common navice ewe. I think that 'part blood' of the last mentioned buck was of the Cotswold and Bakewell, not Southdwon.

P. D. SHEPHERD,

near Berryville, Clarke Co., Va."

An "affair of honor," between two of the young bloods of the old and staid county of Loudoun, was to have came off on yesterday, according to rumor, at the Point of Rocks, in Md Its origin was a mere trifle, and if its result has

been fatal, it is the more to be deplored. . INSURANCE.

The practical advantage of Insurance has been realized by our townman, Mr. Jos. S. Jackson, who had been induced, as we understand, to insure his back building on the 27th of December last.—
On the 12th of January, the building insured took fire, and was burned to the second story; and on the 24th of January, the second story; and on the 24th of January, the second story; and on the 24th of January, the second story is second. On the 12th of January, the building insured tool fire, and was burned to the second story; and on the 24th of January, the amount of damage was ascertained by judgment of competent workmen, and the amount paid over at once to Mr. Jackson by Mr. Joseph S. Carson, the Agent of the Frank-lin Fire Insurance Company of Philadelphia, for

this county.

This commendable promptitude on the part of the Agent, should inspire confidence in the Company, and cause many more of our citizens to in sure their property against the destructive element. The advice of the Winchester Republican, from which paper the above was taken, is alike appli cable to our own county as Frederick. Mr. J. J. MILLER of this town is Agent for the same Company, and it would be a wise and proper precaution if our citizens generally would effect an insurance on their property. It might, in some cases, save themselves and families from destitu-

Our thanks are due to the Hon. JAMES M. Mason of the Senate, and to the Hon. HENRY BEDINGER of Va , and the Hon. WILLARD P. HALL of Mo., for various public documents, received

during the last week. Our thanks are also due to WILLIAM S. SMITH, Esq, of the Ohio Legislature, for the annual report as to the Public Schools of Ohio. This is a document which furnishes a vast fund of information as to the public schools of that State and the Union, and would be of great service, could

EXCHANGE HOTEL, WASHINGTON CITY,-The writer of this, who was lately a guest at the Exchange Hotel, kept by T. M. McLHANY., of Loudown County, begs leave to call the attention of visitors to Washington, to the superior accommo dresses, but as neither of them we believe are remarkable for the profundity of their reasoning, or the accuracy of their predictions, we must leave the subject until a more convenient season.

The war of the white and red roses still continues. The White have not vet decided whether times. The White have not vet decided whether the subject with the subject until a more convenient season.

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The February number of the 'Union Magarine,' edited by Mrs. C. M. Kirkland, and published at New York, has been received. It is embelished with eighteen engravings, all of which are beautiful and designed expressly for this work The contributors are of the highest talent in the of the day.

COMMON SCHOOLS IN MEXICO. - A " great mass educational meeting" was held in Matamoras on can citizens took a prominent part in the meeting, American officers assisting. Committees were appointed to carry out the views of the meeting, and great good is anticipated from the auspicious commencement of the good work.

A statement of the expenses of the National Armories, and of the number of arms, &c., manufactured during the year ending on the 30th of last June, has been made. The total expenditure has been \$516,129 45, of which \$253,304 84 was incurred at Springfield, and 262,824 62 at Harpers-Ferry. There have been manufactured 26,300 percussion muskets, 3,054 percussion rifles, 201 musketoons, 4,299 ball screws, 42,608 screw drivers, 23,472 wipers, 5,163 spring vices, 19,644 extra cones, 8,868 cone picks and 435 bullet moulds.

VIRGINIA AND OHIO.-We learn by a letter from Washington, that the Virginia and Ohio Commissioners have adjourned without being able to settle the boundary question. Ohio claimed the low-water mark. Virginia claimed the highwater mark, but was willing to make the water in the channel, whether high or low, the boundary. This would make a variable but at the same time a distinct and palpable boundary. This proposition, however, was not acceded to by the Ohio Commissioners, and nothing consequently has been done.

WHO IS RESPONSIBLE?
The Whigs are responsible at the bar of public opinion for the continuation of the war. If they had acted promptly and energetically during paper, we present below a corrected statement of the present Congress, we should have had an early peace. This rests upon the opinion of some of the most distinguished officers of the army.— But instead of co-operating in the vigorous prosecution of the war, they have displayed the most reckless opposition. Letter after letter, article after article, has been poured from the press against it. Speech follows speech in both House of Congress. Near ten weeks have passed, and not a new regiment has been authorized to be rais-The earnest recommendation of the Secretary of War has been disregarded. No money has been raised; but difficulties have been thrown in the way of raising loans. The money can be obtained on the best terms, upon the Secretary's

plan. But the Whige have set their faces against it. Speeches are now going forth to raise a panic in the market. The Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means is attempting to prove that we shall want twice as much money as the Secretary estimates, and the effect will be to enhance the difficulty of getting it. Authorize a duty on tea and coffee, and permit Treasury notes to be issued, or let one of these measures be adopted, and the money can be raised on excellent terms, as the Secretary wants it. There can be no doubt about all this; and yet a stumbling block is continually thrown in the way of the loans.

For these political transgressions the day of reckoning will come, and dearly will the Whigs reckoning will come, and dearly will the Whigs rue their opposition to the honor of their country at the next Presidential election. They are now sowing the wind, to reap the whirlwind; but, in the mean time, this "moral treason" is calculated to produce its worst effect upon the enemy—As soon as they see the dilatory course of the Whigs, and suspect that they will not vote the supplies, the Mexicans will not only abandon all thoughts of negotiation, but they will begin to rally their scattered forces and attempt to cut off some wing or detachment of the army. When some wing or detachment of the army. When we took their city, they persevered in raising troops, and annoying us with their guerrillas, because the road to Vera Cruz was cut off, and they were told that no more reinforcements were going

were told that no more reinforcements were going to our army. As soon as they discovered that these calculations were visionary; that our troops were pouring in, and the road opened, they began to flag in their efforts, and to talk of peace.

But a reaction will probably take place as soon as they hear of the proceedings of Congress; they will conceive new liopes of resistance. Their spirits will begin to rally, and new vigor will be infused into their operations. Wo to the Whigs, if a single-detachment of our gallant army should be cut off. They will be held responsible for the loss. At all events, they will have to answer at loss. At all events, they will have to answer at the bar of their country for the prolongation of the war. They might have arrested the war by prompt

and vigorous measures. Theirs is the responsi-bility; let the shame and disgrace be theirs. [Washington Union. THE PROSPECT.

The following very flattering exhibit of the trength of the Democracy of the country, as indicated by the latest expression of public opinion. is from the New York Globe. The prospects of our party were never so encouraging as at the pre sent moment. The popular vote of more than wo-thirds of the States is Democratic,-a thing unprecedented in the politics of the country. Our principles are all in successful operation, and, with the exception of a single State, our party is thoroughly united; while the enemy profess to have no principles, and are distracted in regard to a man to support. If the Democracy will only remain true to themselves and their principles, no man or influence can possibly defeat them in the oming Presidential election:

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE-DEMOCRATIC GOVER NORS.—From the recent election returns, it will be observed that the Democracy are greatly in the ascendant. There are now 29 States, out of which the Democracy have elected 20, and the Whigs 9 Governors. Wisconsin will add another to the dominant party. Does not this prove that a large majority of the people are democratic?— The list below will show what we have stated to

be correct: DEMOCRATIC. Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Maine, New Hampshire, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Connecticut, New York, Delaware, Maryland, North Carolina Tennessee, Virginia, South Carolina, Kentucky, Ohio.-9. Alabama, Mississippi Louisiana, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Arkansas. Michigan, Florida,

Texas, Iowa.—20. VIRGINIA SMALL NOTE BILL .-- We perceive hat the Senate of our State still defers action on he bill giving power to the Banks of the State to ssue notes of a smaller denomination than \$5

er quotes an extract of a letter, dated Accomac Court House, January 31st, giving an account of a political meeting there, at which Henry A Wise poke, which it regards as "showing how firmly Mr. Wise stands upon the broad platform of the democratic party." He is represented as approvng and sustaining every act of the present adinistration, and taking ground for a vigorous resecution of the war to the conquest of the whole of Mexico, if necessary.

GEO. W. BRADFIELD, Esq., has been announced by his friends, as a candidate for the next Legislature from the County of Loudoun. Unless the " No-Party" millenium is already at hand, we can hardly hope for the election of our good friend Bradfield, but we hope he may, nevertheless, suffer his name to be used, and trust to the chances of war, his own indomitable efforts and perseverance, and the active exertions of friends, to carry him through.

The Tannery offered for Sale by Mr. SAM VEL RIDENOUE, is one among the most valuable in this section of the State. Its location, the condition of the yard, &c., make it a valuable investment for any one disposed to embark in the busi-

We see in the "Charlottesville Jefferso nian," that Wm. H. Terrill, Esq., of the Warm Sprngs, Bath county, Va., had his pocket picked of \$600 whilst in Richmond, recently.

There is a proposition now before Congress recede what remains of the district of Columbia to Maryland, reserving only to the Federal govern-ment the jurisdiction over the public buildings

PROSPECT OF A BATTLE.

APPROACH OF A MEXICAN ARMY!—The Rich and Republican has received a letter from t friend at Buena Vista, dated the 17th of January which gives information that Gen Bustamente i at Guansjuanto (pronounced Gwan a-wan-to) at the head of 6,000 troops-that there are 1500 at San Luis-3,000 at Durango under Urrea-and that the State of Zacatecar-has raised 10,000making 21 to 22,000 in all.

"Santa Anna sailed from Acapulco, and it was thought that he had bidden farewell to Mexico, but he has landed at San Blas—and it may be his purpose to retrieve, or try to retrieve, his lortunes in this region, supposing as very weak. He will, however, find even a better appointed army than met him on the glorious field of Buena Vista.

Col. Hamtramck has under his command 2,600 col. Hamtranck has under his command 2,600 men—the 16th regiment at Monterey can soon be thrown up here—and the Dragoons and Bragg's battery will number 1,000—altogether, constituting a force of 4,000 in the field. We would have ing a force of 4,000 in the field. We would have betteries of light artillery in perfect order, 4 regiments infantry, 10 companies dragoons and 4 of cavalry. The dragoon and artillery horses are in fine order—in February last they were poor and broken down. The four regiments are well drilled, and under fine discipline. We would have Gen. Wool for our commander, and you need not fear the result. We can beat the best 20,000 troops Mexico can produce, and having Buena Vista in view, no force Santa Anna can bring can drive us from the glorious field.

The Virginia Regiment is in fine health, there not having been a death in it for four months.—Though occasionally cold here during the day, and always so at night, we have made ourselves tolerably comfortable. We have snow and ice, but as the Commandant has allowed chimneys to be built to every tent, and has succeeded in pro-

curing clothing, the men all having good flannel shirts, cotton shirts and drawers, woollen socks, pants and jackets, and good warm overcoats, shoes, and an ample supply of blankets, we can

In another part of the letter the writer save :-"I have this moment received the information that Urrea has marched from Durango with 2,000 cavalry and 2,000 foot, to join Trias at Chihna-hua, who has 2,000 more, and then to march against our force at the Paso—which has halted there on its way from Santa Fe. This intelli-gence has been forwarded to Gen. Wool by Col. Hamtramck, and it is expected the latter will be light artillery, and some cavalry, to move and fall in Urrea's rear, and close on him about the time he reaches the Paso-so that we will have Urrea

between two forces. STANDS FAST.

The Richmond Republican, in answer to some remarks of the Lexington Star, stating that the former paper would now, that a Whig National Convention had been determined upon, haul down the flag of "Old Zach." and run up in its place

the caucus nominee, says :-

We don't swear to what we shall do. -But, as the Dutchman said, we "can't help firmities. thinking d-n it." We think, and as far as we By Can know ourselves, we intend, that, caucus or no caucus, the name of Old Zach shall fly at the caucus, the name of Od Zach shall ny at the mast-head of our humble barque till he is elected President. We have hardly toiled through the long day, to leave off, where the denouncers of "prematurists" begin at the "eleventh hour." We expect in November next to see the flag of Taylor not only flying, but flying in victory, while even our old forman of the Valley Star, preferring, if any Whig banner must be triumphant, that it be the banner of Old Zach;

"Will smile to see its splendors fly In triumph o'er his dying eye,"

NO TREATY OF PEACE.

It will be seen, by the report of the proceedings of the House of representatives, on Friday, that message, in reply to a resolution submitted on the 7th inst., stating that no communication has been received from Mexico containing propositions from the Mexican authorities or comm for a treaty of peace, except the counter project presented by the Mexican commissioners to Trist on the 16th of September last, a copy of which was communicated to the Senate on the 7th inst.

Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9, 1848. The Ways and Means for the War—Whig Op-position to the plans of the Secretary of the Trea-sury—Messrs. Corcoran & Riggs and the pro-posed loan, &c.

Judging from the opening speech of the Chairman of the Ways and Means, Mr. Vinton, we might very naturally infer that there is truth in the charge which has been made, that the opposition design to embarrass, though not to refuse to the administration, the necessary means and appliances for prosecuting the war. Mr. Vinton, by direction of the committee, has reported such a project for obtaining the necessary means, as must necessarily cause embarrassment in procur-ing the means. True, a minority project has also been brouget in, according with the plan proposed by the administration, and with which project it is satisfied to stand or fall. The administration is willing to take the odds and chances of its own scheme, to carry on the war to a glorious and sucopposition have not heart or conscience to keep issue notes of a smaller denomination than \$5, and it has now been made the order of the day for the 18th instant. Probably the longer it is put off the better chance will the people of Virginia have of being saved finally from the infliction of such a measure.

MR. WISE'S POSITION.—The Richmond Enquirer quotes an extract of a letter, dated Accumant.

on its own head.

It has been said by some that granting the ad-It has been said by somes that granting the administration its own plan, that permitting the Secretary of the Treasury to have the bill he asks for, to borrow the money as he proposes, the money would not be forthcoming. It could not be had in this country or in Europe, and some have even gone so for as to say that a negotiation had been entered into with the Czar of Russia, for a loan of \$20,000,000. Now, from what is known, there would not be the slightest difficalty if the plan of the Secretary shall be adopted by Congress. If the loan is no more than 12,000,000,00816,000,000, (and this is its extent.) the probability is that the wealthy and sagacious firm of Corcoran & Riggs could and would provide, at most reasonable rates the ways and means for the whole amount. These gentlemen are generally thought to know what they are about, as the phrase is, and while other capitalists might shrink, faiter, and stand aloof from what would be looked upon as a hazardous investment, this firm would possias a hazardous investment, this firm would possi bly step in, take the loan, and find their accoun

in so doing.

But upon the bill reported by the Committee, the most important of the session, the war of words must take place before any loan, in any shape, will be granted—"Buncombe" must be attended G. will be granted—"Bunco

GEORGIA SENATOR .- The Governor of Georgia as appointed Herschell B. Johnson, Esq , to fill the vacancy in the Senate of the United States in the place of Mr. Colquitt, resigned.

EF FIRE.—The large buildings of the Female' Seminary, at Prince Edward C. H., under the charge of Prof. Branch, were entirely consumed by fire on the evening of the 5th inst. Ample provision was immediately made for the accommodation of the young ladies, and the exercises of the school will be resumed without delay.—Nearly the whole of the furniture, &c., was saved.—Rich. Examiner.

EIGHTH OF JANUARY.

ers of the Virginia Regiment, gave a splendid entertainment at Buena Vista, Mexico, at which all the officers of the Regiment, with a large number of officers, as invited guests, from other regi-

ments and corps, were present: Capt. John P. Young was appointed President, and Lieut. Отно Н. Накизом Vice President of the day.

After being seated at the table, (says a pondent of the Richmond Enquirer,) the President called the assemblage to order, and introduced, as orator of the day, Capt. James L. Kemper, who addressed the assembly in a most eloquent and impressive manner. He enchained the audience for nearly an hour. His address abounded in lofty and patriotic sentiments. He paid a just tribute to the civil and military services of that great statesman and hero, Andrew Jackson; and in conclusion, referred in most happy and appropriate terms to the day we celebrated. The address was received with great applause by the entire

company.

After the address was concluded, and the dinner partaken of thirteen Regular, and a number of spirited and appropriate Volunteer Toasts were drank. Of the latter, we can only find room, this week, for the following:

By Captain Young, President of the day. John C. Calhoun, the statesman, the patriot and scho-lar—the champion of the rights of the South; to him she points as her polar star.

By Lieut, Harrison, Vice President of the day. Gen, Andrew Jackson: His victory at New Or-leans over the flower of the British army, flushed with success in the Peninsular War, proclaimed him the greatest chieftain of the age

By Maj. Patridge, U. S. A., (an invited guest,) Col. Hamtramck and his gallant Regiment: A living testimony that the patriotism and public spirit of Virginia is not dead—the occasion is all that is wanting to identify it with the history of chivalric valor and noble deeds.

To this sentiment, which was received immense applause, Colonel Hamtramck made a most happy and beautiful response.

By Lieutenant Bodeke, (an invited guest,) Lieu-tenant Colonei Randolph: His absence is deeply lamented by his friends and brother officers—they look forward to his return to their midst, with the

look forward to his return to their midst, with the same ardor a lover would delight to clasp his absent sweet-heart to his bosom.

By Major Howard, of the United States Army, (invited guest,) The Old Dominion: She has ever kept the Republican faith; may her good works distinguish her for the future as they have

done in the past.

By Capt J. W. Rowan, Virginia Regiment.—
The United States: Several as to themselves, but united as to all others.

By Dr. Bell, Assistant Surgeon of the United States Army. The War with Mexico: It wounds her for a season, but ultimately will heal her in-By Captain Preston, (invited guest.) The se-cond Mississippi Regiment: If ordered to charge, they will prove worthy of their illustrious prede-

To which Captain Blythe, of the second Mis

To which Captain Blythe, of the second Mississippi Regiment, made an appropriate response, and proposed the following sentiment:

The Virginia and Second Mississippi Regiments: They can whip any other two Regiments, Regular or Volunteer, in the service.

By Major Stokes, of the North Carolina Regiment, (invited guest.) The Orator of the Day: The originality of his address proves the power of his intellect:

Captain Kemper responded to the foregoing toat in a few pertinent and happy remarks; and concluded by offering the following sentiment: The Orator of the Day, for the 4th of March, 1849: May his principles and his eloquence be Jacksonian.

By Dr. Bell, Assistant Surgeon of the United States Army. Lieutenant Colonel Randolph:—His virtues out-shine his title.

By Lieut, Avis, Va Regiment, President Polk: The people should annul his pledge "that he will not be a candidate for a second term." By Lieutenant Lewellen, of the Va. Regiment.

props of a Republican Government. By Lt. Col. Wilcox, 2d Miss. Reg't., (invited

guest.) The entire subjugation of Mexico; and with our Cook and Shumaker, though Young in the service, we will Wade triumphantly through every difficulty, whether Roncan on the Gulf or on the Blamire of Southern Mexico, and our Corse shall be as Blytheas a Partridge in August, and our Deas as brilliant as Rhoderic Dhu's favorite Highland Harper.

By a guest. The War with Mexico: Unavoidable in its inception—victorious in its prosecution—it must be honorable in its termination.

By Lient. Avis, Va. Regiment. Lt. Col. Randolph; Indulgent in the camp, gallant in the field. By All. The Committee of Arrangements; If they are as good at fighting their enemies as they are at feasting their friends, they are "hard to

beat."

The festivities were concluded with a brilliant display of fire-works; after which the company dispersed in the highest good humor—nothing having occurred during the day to mar the pleasures or disturb the harmony of the occasion.

DISTRESSING ACCIDENT.

We regret to learn that Mr Charles McCormick, one of the wealthiest and most respectable citizens of Clarke county, met with a most distressing and painful accident on Thursday week. Mr. McC. is advanced in years, and quite feeble; so much so, that a servant is always required to be in his room Mr. McC. it seems was walking before the fire place in his room, on which a large fire was built, when his foot caught in the carpet, and he fell backward into the fire, and being too feeble to extricate himself, he lay in the flames until assistance came to hand. For tunately he had his hat on, which saved his head from the fire, until it was consumed. His head, shoulders and back, were all burned in a most shocking manner, and but little hopes are entertained of his recovery.

We have since understood that Mr. McCormick died on Thursday morning last, a week from the occurrence of the accident. He expired, it is said, without any pain.—Free Press.

More Just Isdualton.—A correspondent of

DOINGS AT RICHMOND.

correspondence of the "Spirit of Jefferson." RICHMOND, February 10, 1848.

JAMES W. BELLER, Esq :- Dear Sir,-As you em determined to receive "no excuses for further delinquencies," I must of course "govern myself accordingly," and notwithstanding this is one of the most beautiful afternoons that ever at-tempted a "lazy Lawrence" to luxuriate, yet I must discourse with you for a few moments. I will just drop in a word here, by way of parentheais, and that is that you will please say to his "Satanic Majesty"—your "deril"—that if he makes as many outs, and murders my grammar and the "King's English" as much in this letter as he did in my last, that I shall take occasion the first time we meet to whip him around "the decayed and antiquated remains of the venerable oak"-provided this private reprimand! should not answer. Well the "Harrison contested election" is de-

cided, and Col. Johnson and Mr. Duncan have made heir bows to all of us and gone home. The Col t is understood will be a candidate for re-election, but Mr. D. I understand will not. The discussion upon this case was pretty much confined to Mr. Scott of Fanquier, and Mr. Moncure of Stafford-the reply of the latter gentleman to the argument of Mr. Scott referred to in my last letter, was a powerful effort, adding increased lustre to to the already prominent fame of this able and ex-cellent gentleman. He maintained the position with much ingenuity that the notice of Col. Johnson to Mr. Duncan was sufficient, and quoted many authorities from books as "evidence"-especially the great American Author-Simon GREEN-LEAF of Harvard University, to sustain his positions. He believed upon the merits of the case that Col. Johnson was entitled to his seat-yet as there had been great irregularity in some of the precinct elections, he would not insist upon his retaining his seat-but sustained the report of the Committee which declared the notice illegal and insufficient, and recommended the election to be sent back to the people—he did this not because he did not think Johnson now entitled to his scat, but becasuse he desired the people to cure all o the irregularities of the poll. Mr. Scott made a powerful rejoinder, maintaining the illegality of the notice and insisting that the House had no right to look beyond that point until it was deci ded and out of the way. I regarded it precisely in that light, and when the vote was given, though members should regard nothing else, but the issue made up and presented. There were other points involved in the case which would have come up had that issue been decided in the negative, and which would have opened up the exam ination of the whole poll, when all of the challenged votes of either party would have been obliged to have been canvassed. This was a case in which very little party excitement was involved 'till towards the last, and which the newspapers since have been squabling about "to make capital"—but it strikes me very inopportunely.— For my own part I have examined the case with great care, and hesitate not to say that in my sin-cere and candid conviction, Duncan was entitled to his seat upon several grounds—other gentle-men think differently, and so it is—men will differ men think differently, and so it is—men will differ and draw different conclusions from the same premises—and as this is a free country and men will think and act for themselves wemay always expect to find differences of opinion existing, and it is well it is so—it is the salt and safety of our Republican institutions. If you wish to see further into this case—at least if you want the party complexion of it—you can take the Richmond papers, and each one tells its tale; but as I have other matters to talk to you about, I will adjourn the question. The vote on sending the election back was, ayes 12, noce 56. 12, noes 56.
I adverted in my last letter to the subject of a

I adverted in my last letter to the subject of a Convention, and mentioned to you that the friends of Reform had held several caucus meetings upon the subject, where it had been thoroughly discussed. There is no doubt upon my mind that there is a majority here in favor of a Convention, but we are too much divided among ourselves—the basis is the great bone of contention. But still I think we might come together. I myself am a white basis man, as are many others here, but I see clearly and distinctly that we can never get the Legislature of Virginia to grant us a Convention upon that basis—they will never do it—and tion upon that basis—they will never do it—and we may as well come to that conclusion first as last. Indeed I do not know a single white basis advocate who does not believe with me, that the thing is unattainable and impracticable as far as the Legislature is concerned—then we had much better take the bill 132 of session 1845-6, which Mr. Stewart's resolution contemplates, as that bill does not meddle with the basis at all, but fixes does not meddle with the basis at all, but fixes on the present arbitrary arrangement of the House of Delegates and affords us the only chance under heaven for getting the white basis—by fighting it out before the people at the polls and electing white basis delegates to the Convention, who ing white basis delegates to the Convention, who if possible, will engraft that feature in any new Constitution which they may frame. What will yet be done, is more than I can tell—we are all at sea again, and a new movement for a re-apportionment was sprung upon the House on Monday last, one which led to considerable discussion, and as I find a condensed sketch of the argument in that correct paper, "The Times" of this city I shall annex it for you, as it will give you and your readers a more clear view of the case than I could possibly do now from memory.

[The length of the debate to which our correspondent refers, makes it necessary for us to defer

pondent refers, makes it necessary for us to defer it until our next paper. It is one of interest and importance, and will lose none of its merit by laying over until that time. - Ed of Spt.]

iarge fire was built, when his foot caught in the carpet, and he fell backward into the fire, and being too feeble to extricate himself, helay in the flames until assistance came to hand. For tunately he had his hat on, which saved his head from the fire, until it was consumed. His head shoulders and back, were all burned in a most shocking manner, and but little hopes are entertained of his recovery.

We have since understood that Mr. McCormic died on Thursday morning last, a week from the occurrence of the accident. He expired, it is said, without any pain.—Free Press.

More Just Isdaratos.—A correspondent of the Pennsylvanian, writing from the city of Mexico, gives the following strong evidence of the suicidal course of certain Whig orators:

Webster's speech against his country and gallant countrymen, and in behalf of Mexico and the degraded Mexicans, has been republished here; first in a Spanish translation by the Mexicans, and then in one of our American capers, the Starl It has wonderfully encouraged the Mexicans, filled with "armed Grecians" into Troy. The moment this re-apportionment is passed (if it adopted them with hope, and induced them to believe, in connect on with the fact that Webster's party ambition, sacrificing truth, principle, country and his countrymen, all to his overweening desire for place. The executions against him are deep and being the country will be forced to withdraw from the country. But, on the other hand, the army will be cut off, and that wonderfully encouraged the Reviews of the suicident of the propor Mr. Clay, a synopse of place. The executions against him are deep and bitter, and the words "william," "traitor," are in every mouth. As for poor Mr. Clay, a synopse of wrose speech has also been published here by the Mexicans, as well as in the Sira, a sentiment of plut is mingled with the bitterness against him. From him was expected better things; and all seem to lament that his proud and gallant spirit has thus stooped to a work so utterly beneath him.

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY

LEGISLATIVE SUMMARY.

On Friday, February 4th, but little business was ready for action, and after the passage of two or three unimportant bills, the Senate adadjourned over to Monday.

In the House, thirteen bills were reported—among which, was one to incorporate the Millwood and Berryville Turnpike Company.

After the disposal of various petitions, resolutions and reports, the House resumed the consideration of the Harrison Contested Election.

On Saturday, the debate was continued on the same subject, between Messrs. Scott and Moncure, and at half past four o'clock the vote was taken on the following resolution, which was adopted—ayes 62, noes 56.

Resolved, Therefore, as the opinion of this committee, that the return of Joseph Johnson as a delegate to represent the election district composed of the county of Harrison and part of Doddridge, was illegal, and ought to be set aside, and that the Speaker of the thouse of Delegates be directed to issue a writ of election, to supply the vacancy thus occasioned in said election district. the vacancy thus occasioned in said election dis

Son writ of election will be ordered. In the SENATE, on Monday, a bill was passed ivorcing Rebecca Allen from her husband Mah-

on Allen.

Several local bills were passed, and the calendar cleared of all matters ready for action.

A bill amending the act to establish District

Free Schools, so far as the same relates to Ohio

courly, was passed.

An amendment was proposed by Mr. Gallaber, and agreed to, referring to counties which have adopted, or may bereafter adopt the District System, declaring that licenses were not to be included in the estimate of state revenue, in laying the achieved two these licenses being a special the school tax-these licenses being a special grant for which heavy amounts are already

In the House, a large number of bills were re ported—among them, several incorporating Odd Fellows Lodges and Divisions of the Sons of Temperance. Also, a bill reviving the act incor-porating the Martinsburg and Winchester Turn-

porating the Martinsburg and Winchester Turnpike Company.

Among the petitions were the following:

By Mr. Wood—of citizens of Frederick, asking that the Board of Public Works be directed to employ a corps of Engineers to survey the route for a Railroad from Alexandria to Harpers-Ferry, and to report the expense of constructing the same to the next Legislature.

By Mr. Stewart—of E. G. Buckles and others, a committee of Gratitude Lodge, No. 24, I. O. O. F. of the State of Virginia at Hedgesville, Berkeley county, praying for an act of incorporation for said Lodge.

By Mr. Wall—Petition of Henry McDaniel, asking that the jail fees of this Commonwealth may be increased; also, petition from Winchester and Potomac Rail Road Company, asking a change in time of holding their annual meetings, &c.; also, petition of citizens of Shenandoah, Warren and Frederick counties, for an act to incorporate a Turnpike Company from the act to incorporate a Turnpike Company from the town of Front Royal in Warren county, to some

point on the Valley Turnpike road.

Among the bills ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, was one appropriating \$12,000 for the completion of the Road from Wardensville to Moorefield, in the county of Hardy.

Mr. Haymond offerred the following resolution, which was ordered to be laid on the table:

tion, which was ordered to be laid on the table:

Resolved, That a committee be appointed with
instructions to report to this House, a bill reapportioning and equalizing the representation
in the House of Delegates and Senate of this
Commonwealth, upon the basis of the white population and taxation as it now exists, taking the ulation and taxation as it now exists, taking the assessed taxable property as their rule by which to be governed in fixing such representation.

In the House, on Wednesday, Mr. Lanier reported a bill incorporating the Neilson Division, No. 53, of the order of the Sons of Temperance, in the county of Frederick.

Mr. Stephenson reported a bill to change the time of the annual meetings of the Winchester and Potomac Rail Road Company; also a bill to provide for the completion of the Sisterville and Salem Turnpike road.

The resolution of Mr. Scott, proposing to reapportion the State so as to increase the Senate and House of Delegates, came up, and, after undergoing some discussion, was adopted by a vote of ayes 90.to noes 28.

RESISTING THE SHERIFF.—Bank Excitement, dc.—The Memphis, (Tenn.) Eagle gives the fol-lowing account of the difficulties between the Sheriff and one of the officers of the Farmers' and

Sheriff and one of the officers of the Farmers' and Merchants' Bank:

"On Saturday evening last, writs of attachment and injunction were placed in the hands of our most efficient deputy Sheriff, directing him to sieze the assets of the Bank, of all descriptions, and place them in the nands of Mr. Talcot, the receiver, and further commanding the President and Directors, their agents and attorneys, from any further intermeddling in any manner with any of the assets, or affairs of the Bank, and to deliver to the receiver the assets and papers of every description belonging to the Bank. The deputy Sheriff proceeded to the Banking-house about 4 o'clock in the afternoon to execute the process and found it closed against entrance. After vainly endeavering to obtain a peaceable admission, it became noised through the town that the Sheriff was endeavoring to seize the Bank and was resisted; when throng after throng of our citizens poured into the street on which the Bank atands, until a dense mass stood there ready and resolute to open the doors of the Banking-house, upon the Sheriff giving the proper orders.

"A parley was finally brought about, which resulted in the quiet yielding of possession to the officer."

No Ics.—The ice-men in this vicinity, says the New York Express, are in a great state of slarm on account of the failure of their annual crop. The season is being so far advanced, that some of them are sending to Albany for their crop.

NILES REGISTER, one of the most valuable ublic sale in Baltimore on the 18th inst.

#### CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

The President pro tem laid before the Senate, Monday, February 7, a communication from the War Department, in compliance with a resolution calling for the report and map of the examination of New Merico made by Lieut, J. W. Abert.

Mr. Hale presented a memorial from ministers and laymen of the Unitarian Society, praying for the termination of the war by the withdrawal of our troops.

our troops.

An act amending an act entitled "An act grant

An aci amending an act entitled "An act granting half pay to widows or orphans where their husbands and fathers have deed of wounds received in the military service of the United States, in cases of deceased officers of the militia and volunteers," passed July 4, 1836, was taken up.

On motion of Mr. Niles, the bill was amended by inserting at the end the following words:—
"Who were in the army of the United States on the first day of March, 1846, or at any subsequent period during the present war between the United States and Mexico."

The bill was then read a third time and passed

States and Mexico."
The bill was then read a third time and passed
The Senate resumed the consideration of the
ten regiment bill, when
Mr. Hunter addressed the Senate in favor of
granting supplies, and withdrawing the troops to
a military line.
Mr. Miller obtained the floor, and the Senate

Mr. Miller obtained the floor, and the Senate went into an executive session.

The House, to-day, was called for resolutions. Mr. Stephens offered a joint resolution giving the thanks of Congress to Major Gen. Zachary Taylor; and it was adopted, with but one negative vote—that of Mr. Giddings. The joint resolution, tendering the thanks of Congress to Major Gen. Scott and the army, both regulars and volunteers, under his command, was, after a number of amendments had been in vain proposed, agreed to, with like unanimity.

ments had been in vain proposed, agreed to, with like unanimity.

Mr. Giddings moved a suspension of the rules, in order to enable him to offer a resolution declaring that the thanks of Congress and the gratitude of the people of the United States are due to Albert Galletin, for his efforts in the cause of humanity, touching the war in which we are now engaged. The rules were suspended, but the resolution was laid on the table—yeas 132 hays 43.

Mr. Wilmot, on leave, offered a "personal explanation in regard to some remarks of the Union" on his political course. Mr. W. took occasion to reflect upon the public character of Mr. Buchanar. Mr. James Thomeon obtained leave to reply,

reflect upon the public character of Mr. Buchanan. Mr. James Thomson obtained leave to reply, and very warmly vindicated Mr. Buchanan.

Among the resolutions adopted to day was one on motion of Mr. George S Houston, calling, under the usual reservation, upon the President for all the correspondence, not heretofore communicated, between the generals in command of the army in Mexico, and the executive departments, between Gen. Scott and Mr. Trist, and between the latter and the Secretary of State.

In the Senate on Tuesday, Mr. Cameron presented resolutions of the legislature of Pennsylvania in relation to the repeal of the law requiring postage on newspapers to be prepaid, and exacting postage on papers delivered within thirty miles of publication.

The joint resolution from the House, expressing the thanks of Congress to Gen's. Scott and

The joint resolution from the House, expressing the thanks of Congress to Gen's. Scott and Taylor, were severally read twice, and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the

Army bill.

Mr. Miller spoke at length in opposition to the war had been commenced as obtained.

Mr. Cass expressed a wish to bring the debate to a close, and suggested the propriety of holding

vening sessions.

Mr. Niles obtained the floor; and

The Senate adjourned.

After the reception of reports from committees, he House, on motion of Mr. Vinton, went into Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union, and took up the loan bill.

Mr. Vinton made an expose of the state of the

inances, in a speech of an hour,
Mr. Ligon followed at length.
Mr. Fisher obtained the floor, and the House

In the Senate on Wednesday Mr. Dix present ed resolutions of the New York legislature, in-structing the senators, &c. from that State to vote against the extension of slavery to any new ter-

The Senate resumed the consideration of the en regiment bill.

Mr. Niles addressed the Senate for two hour.

and a half in favor of the bill, expressing his wish to make one more effort, under the influence of a igorous military operation, to terminate the war in fair and reasonable terms. On motion of Mr. Underwood, The Senate adjourned.

In the House, to-day, Mr. C. B. Smith, from the Committee on Territories, reported a bill to establish the Territory of Oregon: and it was committed to the Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union, and made the special orderfor the 14th day of March.

The House went into Committee of the Whole on the state of the Union, and took up, the lean

on the state of the Union, and took up the loa Mr. Fisher, of Ohio, spoke an hour on the ques-

ion of the origin of the war, and in favor of arrest-Mr. Thomas, of Tennessee, addressed the con

mittee, chiefly in justification of the course of the administration in reference to the war. Mr. Marsh obtained the floor, when the com-

nittee rose, and the House adjourned.
In the Senate on FRIDAY, it was ordered that when the Senate adjourns, it stand adjourned until Monday next.
The resolutions from the House, voting thanks

The recolutions from the House, voting thanks to Gens. Scott, Taylor, &c., having been reported lavorably upon, by Mr. Cass, from the committee to which they were referred, Mr. Crittenden moved they be taken up and passed.

Mr. Hale opposed the resolutions. He could not thank men for doing what he considered a gross injustice upon a neighboring republic.

Mr. Underwood defended the resolutions and the position of the officers, as acting under the constituted authorities of the government.

Mr. Butler spoke of the novel and suicidal views expressed by Mr. Hale, upon this and other occasions.

casions.

Mr. Hale responded; and the resolutions were informally laid aside.

The special order of the day—being the ten regiment bill, was then taken up.

Mr. Turney, who was entitled to the floor, spoke at length, in favor of the bill. The principal part of his speech was intended to show, that, so far as Mexico was concerned, the war was not a ques-ion of bouneary, but a settled determination to

e-counter Texas. In the House, the only matter of interest, was the reading of the Message of the President, stat-ing that no propositions for a treaty of peace, had been received from the Mexican commissioners.

VALENTISE'S DAX.—We learn that up to 8 to clock Sunday evening last, no less than 8,000 Valentines had been dropped in the letter box at he City Post Office, whilst the boxes of the Dispatch Post were all filled to overflow. Numerous extra carriers have been engaged for their early delivery to-day, and they will doubtless have a busy time of it, as they were pouring in, up to a late hour last night, in an almost continual stream. We hope that there will be but few among the number calculated to cause other than pleasant feelings to the recipients, otherwise the privileges of the day will be grossly violated.—Balt. Sun.

GREAT SNOW STORM EAST .- The storm of SREAT SNOW STORM EAST.—The storm of snow and sleet which prevailed on Friday and Saturday, was a regular old fashioned one, at the Eastward. At Boston and neighboring towns, bount of the failure of their annual crop. The uson is being so far advanced, that some of the mare sending to Albany for their crop.

NILES REGISTER, one of the most valuable blications in this country, will be offered at billications in this country, will be offered at billications in Baltimore on the 18th inst.

GREAT SNOW STORM EAST.—The storm of snow and sleet which prevailed on Friday and Saturday, was a regular old fashioned one, at the Eastward. At Boston and neighboring towns, hundreds of fruit trees were broken down by the accumulation of snow on the branches. In that city, on Saturday, the streets were almost impassable, while avalanches of snow from the house to be supported by the same of the story of the same of the same

### Smithfield and Winchester Turnpike.

AN ACT Directing a subscription for the Commonwealth of two fifths of the additional capital of the Shrp-herdstown and Smithfield Turnpike Company.

Passed February 8, 1848. Passed February 8, 1848.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly, that the Board of Public Works be and are hereby instructed to subscribe for Fourteen Thousand Dollars, being two fiths of the additional capital of the Shepherdstown and Smithfield Turnpike Company, as authorized by the act passed March the 22d, 1847, chapter 127, so soon as three-fourths of the private subscriptions shall have been taken by solvent persons fully able to pay.

This act shall be in force from its passage.

The following is a copy of the act of the last ession, by which it will be seen that private subscriptions will be required to the amount of twenty one thousand dollars -- three fourths of whice amount must be taken before the Board of Public Works will be authorized to subscribe the Four teen Thousand Dollars :

AN ACT Authorizing the Shepherdstown and Smithfield Turnpike Company to extend their Road to the Town of Winchester.

[Passed March 22, 1847.] 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly, That is Shepherdstown and Smithfield Turnpike Comthe Shepherdstown and Smithfield Turnpike Company be and they are hereby authorized and empowered to extend their road from the town of Smithfield to the town of Winchester in the county of Frederick, and for that purpose they are hereby authorized to increase their capital stock by receiving additional subscriptions as they may deem necessary from time to time to an amount not exceeding thirty-five thousand dollars.

2. Be it further enacted, That said additional subscriptions shall be made under the like regulations in every respect, as are provided in the original act incorporating said company; and the said extension of said road shall in like manner be made in every respect according to the provi-

be made in every respect according to the provi-sions of the general law regulating the construc-tion of turnpike roads in this Commonwealth. 3. This act shall be in force from its passing

ARRIVAL OF THE SARAH SANDS.

Further decline in Breadstuffs—Cotton Steady-Money Market Improved. The auxiliary steamer Sarah Sands arrived at New York Thursday morning. She sailed from Liverpool on the 22d ult., bringing seven days later news than that brought by the Acadia. There has been a further decline of 1s per bar-rel in flour. The best American Western Canal

rel in flour. The best American Western Canal flour was selling on the 22d ult. at 28s 6d to 29s. The quotations by the Acadia were 29s 6d to 30s. Corn meal also slightly declined, Indian Corn has also receded in price about one shilling per quarter of 480 lbs. The quotations were noted at 29 to 35 shillings as to quality.

Wheat had also declined a shade, but no figures

re given.
The Cotton market closed steady and the quo ations brought out by the Acadia had been sus The money market had improved, and was still mproving. The general aspect was more favora-

Provisions dull and demand moderate—prices rather drooping.

No general or political news of moment.

The ship Isaac Wright has also arrived at New York from Liverpool, which place she left on the 18th ult. We have by her a brief commercial dispatch, but it is superseded by the Sarah Sands' news. There were 5000 bales Cotton sold at Liverpool on the 17th ult.

### The Markets.

BALTIMORE MARKET—
Reported weekly for the "Spirit of Jefferson," by WAL TER & Co., Flour and Commission Merchants and General Produce Dealers, Baltimore.

General Produce Dealers, Baltimore.

BALTIMORE. Saturday evening, February 12, 1348.

J. W. BELLER, Dear Sir.;—The last week closed our report with sales of Howard street Flour at \$5.50, a continued demand on Monday with very light receipts. Induced most dealers to advance 12t cis. a barrel. The some 800 Barrels were sold at \$5.50. On Thesday and Wednesday \$5.62\text{ cash mare Sarah Sands, seven days fater from Europe, which was received and the street of the same 12t cis. After the news quoting a further decline in all Breadstuff, it was thought prices with us must fall below \$5.50. after one or two small rales at that price, on Friday, 800 bbls, were again taken at \$5.52. and to day, some 400 bbls word are again taken at \$5.52. and to day, some 400 bbls word at \$5.62 and \$5.63 to \$5.55. GRAIN—Very little Wheat coming to market—rales of Red at 120 to \$125. Receipts of Cori good; White and Yellow 61 to 62 cis. Receipts of Rye light; heldat 55 cents.

SEEDS—Sales of Flax seed at 133 to \$1.35 ax in

and Yellow of 10 to 2 cts. Accorpts of 133 to \$1.35 at in 75 cents.

SEEDS—Sales of Flax seed at 1 23 to \$1.35 at in quality; Sales of Clover seed at 4 to 4 50 for strictly prime; Timothy seed at 1 25 to \$3.

WOOL—Common tub washed dull at 28 to 30 cents.
BEEF CATTLE—650 head were offered at Mondays market, and 450 sold at 2 to \$3.50 per 100 lbs. as in quality, the balance criven to Philadelphia.

HOGS—Supply light—sales of live Hogs at 5.75 to 6 124 Your, truly, W. & CO.

BALTIMORE, MONDAY MORNING, Feb. 14, 1848.

J. W. Beller-Dear Sir. The Flour market has

J. W. Beller—Dear Sir.—The Flour market has been characterised this week by considerable activity, sales of about 600 bbls were made at \$5 50 on Monday. Since Tuesday moderate sales have been made at \$562.4 notwithstanding that the news by the Sarah Sands, telegraphed on Thursday was unfavorable; an additional decline of one shilling having taken place in England.—I report the market as firm at these figures. On Saturday receipts both of Flour and Wheat are very light—of Flour the falling off has been nearly 21000 bbls. compared with the corresponding week last year.

Provisions continue dull; there is very little demand in consequence of the scarcity of money, the former quantations could not be realised for flacon or Lard; the former I quote Hog round at 6s to 7 cents; the latter at 7 to 74.

Business generally is quite at a stand. I think I have never known Baltimore to look as dull as it does at present. Our jubbing merchants are beginning to receive their atocks for the Spring Trade-and I venture to predict that goods will be even cheaper than they were in 1812, the decline has been reported in New York to be fully 25 per cent upon all kinds except Irish Linens.

Yours respectfully.

B,

# Miscellancons Notices.

MEETING IN CLARKE. We are requested to give notice that a meeting of the Democracy of Clarke county, will be held at Berryville, on the fourth Monday of the present month; (Court day.) for the purpose of nominating a suitable person to represent the counties of Clarke and Warren, in the next Legislature of Virginia.—WINCHESTER VIRGINIAN.

30 A Protracted Meeting will be held, by Divino permission, in the Methodist Church in Charlestown, commencing ou Saturday the 19th instant at 11 o'clock A M The Rev Nelson Head and other Ministers from a distance are expected to be in attendance on the occasion. Feb 8, 1848

LET ALL WHO ARE AFFLICTED WITH ASTH-MA READ THE FOLLOWING LETTER.

Mr. Seth W. Fawle,—Sir: Having been afflicted for more than thirty years with the Asthma, at times so severe as to incapacitate me from attendance to business, and having adopted many medicines without any but temporary relief, I purchased, about three years since, of Mr. Edward Mason, your arean in this city, several bottles of Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, from the effects of which I have obtained more relief than from all the medicine I had ever taken for that distressing disorder. I have, by the repeated use of your valuable Balsam, been more free from pressure, for breath, and oppression on the lungs, than I had anticipated, and indeed conceive myself cured of this disheartening malady.

I do most cheerfully tender you this acknowledgment, which you will use as your judgment dictates.

Argus Office, Portland,
March 26, 1816. C. D. MAYNARD.

None genuine, unless signed I. BUTTS, on the wrat-MA READ THE FOLLOWING LETTER.

None genuine, unless signed I. BUTTS, on the wray

per.

27 A fresh supply of the above Balsam, on hard and for sale by THOS. M. FLINT, Charlestown, HENRY S. FORNEY, Shepherdstown, and JOS. G. HAYS. larpers-Ferry.

And by Druggists generally throughout the United

FRESH LEMONS, just received by KEYES & KEARSLEY.

#### STATESTATES

On the 6th inst., by the Rev. J. H. Waugh, Mr. REU EN C. COSTER to Miss ELIZABETH BANE, both of lerkeley County.

Berkeley County.

At the residence of her mother, Mrs. Mary Craemer, on Tuesday evening the 8th inst., by the Rev. Nelson Head, Mr. Thomas Thomas, Merchant, to Mire Julia C. Gareser, daughter of Daniel Cramer, dee'd., all of this Co. At the residence of M. S. Elgin, Esq., Washington co., Md., on Wednesday the 9th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Head Mr. Pyriladoras Monaris to Miss Margaret Ann Heflesower, all of Hampshire county, Va.

At the same place, on Friday the 11th inst., by the same, Mr. Thomas K. Lancaster, to Miss Mary Jank Murriy—all of this county.

In Hedgesville, on Tuesday last, by the Rev. Mr. Chisholm, Mr. Harrison S. Seibert to Miss Catilarine Yirguinka, eldest daughter of the late Hezekiah Hedges, Esq., of Berkeley County.

On Thursday last, by the Rev. Mr. Bragonier, Mr. Jas. Bryas, to Miss Sarah Ann Patton, all of Berkeley county.

County.
On the 3d inst., by the same, Mr. WM. BROWN to Mis MARY FRITZ, all of Berkeley county.

On Saturday avoning, at his residence near Charlestown, after a long confinement, and protracted suffering, Mr. MATHEW FRAME, aged about 87 years. Mr. F. was one among our carliest and most enterprising settlers. When this village was but a wilderness, he embarked in the mercantile business, comparatively without means and without friends, but by his energy, industry, business rapacity and economical habits, he soon amassed a large fortune, and has for the last 20 years of his life been engaged in the quiet pursuits of agriculture. He leaves an extensive connexion, and a large circle of friends, to mourn his demise.

mourn his demise.

In Leesburg, on Sanrday the 5th inst., in the 72d year of his age, Mr. Ignation Norkes, for many years a cilizen of that town.

Suddenly, at the Parsonage of the M. E. Church, Leesburg, on Saturday night last, ELIZABETH GILMORE, aged about 52 years. She had been a member of the family of the Rev. Job Guest for more than 35 years. In life, her walk was with God, and He took her home.—Blessed be His name.

MY Accounts are now ready for settlement all those that are owing me will please cal and settle by giving their Notes or paying the mo ney. I have no person to assist me in my store, therefore it will be out of my power to call on my customers for settlement. All those whe disre gard the above notice may expect to pay the a counts with cost. THOS. RAWLINS. Feb 15, 1848.

#### NOTICE.

LL persons who were purchasers at the sal A LL persons who were purchasers at the decid, of the personal property of C. Billinyer, decid, are notified that their notes are now due, as also the open accounts, which if not paid by the first of March, will be put in suit for collection, without respect to persons.
SOLOMON BILLMYER,

JOHN A. VOORHEES, Feb. 15, 1848—3t. Admr's. WM. T. DAUGHERTY, attorner at Law.

HAS removed to Harpers-Fer. y, Virginia.— He renews the offer of his professional ser ices to the public generally.

Office one door West of Abell's Hotel.

Feb. 15, 1848—3m.

FOR RENT. THE TWO-STORY HOUSE at the Flow-ing Springs, formerly occupied by Mr. John W. Duffield. The house is commodious, and has many conveniences attached. Possession to be

had on the 1st day of April. FRANCIS YATES. Feb. 15, 1848-3t.

PUBLIC SALE. WILL be sold at the Court House on MON-DAY, the 21st, Court day,
Two Horses and a two-horse Wagon;
1 Cart, Wagon and Cart Gears.
Terms made known on day of sale.
Feb 15. THOS. RAWLINS.

PUBLIC SALE.

HE subscriber will sell at public so residence near Summit Point, on FRIDAY
the 25th instant, the following articles of

Personal Property: II Head of good Work Horses;
12 Head of Cattle, among which are some first-rate fresh Milch Cows; 50 Head of Stock Hogs, among them some good

brood Sows;
Three Wagons, Plonghs, Harrows, Gears, 2
Wheat Fans, and 1 Cutting Box;
50 barrels of Corn; Hay by the Ton;
80 acres of Wheat in the ground.

50 barrels of Corn; Hay by the Ton;
80 acres of Wheat in the ground.
Also—1 NEGRO WOMAN with SIX CHILDREN, several of them boys, of good size.
Terms.—Nine months credit will be given on
all sums of \$5 and upwards, the purchaser giving
bond and approved security—all sums under \$5
must be cash.
NIMROD ANDERSON.
Ech. 5. 1848

## I. O. O. F.

WE have just received from the establishment of Messrs. Keach and Gates, Baltimore, a large assortment of Odd Fellows and Sons of Temperance REGALIA, which we will sell for cash at Baltimore prices; also all kinds of trimmings, such as Gold and Silver Laces, Cords, Tassels, and Fringes.

Feb. 15. C G. STEWART & SON.

For Families.

WE have made arrangements to be constantly supplied with Welch's and other extra brands of Family Flour from Winchester. We now offer for sale,

Welch's and other brands of Family Flour,

Welch's and other black.

Superfine
Very superior Buckwheat Flour,
A few Saddles of superior Venison,
Dried Peaches and Apples,
With an extensive assortment of new and cheap
Groceries, which will be sold as cheap as they can
be had any where for cash:

Feb. 15.

MILLER & BRO.

DICKLED HERRING in quarter bbls., a nic article for Families; also a few boxes Scotch Herring, received and for sale. And on hand, a few bbls No. 1 Shad, and No 3 Mackerel, which will be sold low. WM. R. Summit Point, Feb. 15, 1818. WM. R. SEEVERS.

GREAT BARGAINS.—Being very desirous to reduce our stock, we will offer at cost, and many below cost, our entire stock of Mouslines, Cashmeres, Silks and Dress Goods, with many arcasimeres, siks and press Goods, with many articles of Gentlemen's wear and other goods. All wanting may rely on great bargains, as we are determined to sell at some price.

Feb. 15. MILLER & BRO.

GROCERIES.—New crop N. Orleans Sugar, Loaf and Lump do., Sugar-House and New Orleans Molasses, Mascaroni, Rice, Cheese, Feb. 15. CRANE & SADLER.

TUST received, G. A. and Fine Salt, Mackers and Herring, superior Bacon and Lard. Mac-caroni, Rice, and a large supply Water, Butter and Soda Crackers. MILLER & BRO.

ARDEN SEEDS-Fresh and warranted Feb. 15. WM. R. SEEVERS.

CLOVER AND TIMOTHY SEED.—One bushel of each of good quality, for sale by Feb. 15. WM. R. SEEVERS. COFFEE .- 30 Sucks Rio Green Coffee in store, and for sale low by
Feb. 15. COONS & HOFFMAN.

NEW ORLEANS SUGAR-A good article Feb. 15. COONS & HOFFMAN.

HOUSE LOGS.—We have a set of House Logs, 17 and 24 feet long, which we will sell low. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

DESTRABLE RESIDENCE

# TANNERY FOR SALE.

with large stables and an excellent Garden.

Contains a good Two-Story LOG DWELLING Slaughter House, and all the requisite buildings or the business, which are in good repair, and sufficient for the purposes of a large business. The Bark Mill is driven by water power, which achietates greatly the operations of the establish-

ment.
This is one of the very best locations for a retail Tannery in the Valley, and always has commanded a good custom, and possesses advantages
at present, which it never liad heretofore.
An opportunity such as this seldom occurs, for
a person to invest a moderate capital, at once, in
a successful and profitable business, and that with-

out competition.

I do not consider it indispensable that the per son conducting the business should understand in practically to carry it on with success. The terms will be made easy, and possession of the dwelling given at almost any time, or the dwelling would be sold separately.
SAMUEL RIDENOUR.

Charlestown, Feb. 15, 1848. I will still continue to carry on the business as usual, and offer a large stock of Leather, at retail, among which are 75 dozen Sheep-skins, large size. S. RIDENOUR.

### FORTUNE'S HOME.

The Virginia State Lottery Office. LOUDOUN ST., WINCHESTER.

THE undersigned, authorized Agent for the Managers, respectfully invites the attention of the public to the following splendid and unequalled Lotteries for the month of February: Prizes sold at O'LEARY'S Office during the month

of January! prize of \$4,000 sold to a gentleman from the District of Columbia; prize of \$1,000 sent to Staunton; prize of \$1,000 sent to Martinsburg;
prize of \$600 sent to Harrisonburg;
prize of \$500 sent to Front Royal;
prize of \$500 sent to Charlestown.
TRY YOUR LUCK AND DRAW A FORTURE.

# 80,000 DOLLARS

ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY, Class No. 51, for 1848, to be drawn at Alexan dria, on Saturday, February 19, 1848.

SPLENDID SCHEME:, \$32,000, 12,000, 10,000, 8,000, 4,-000, 2,358, 80 of 1,000, 200 of 400, &c. &c.

Tickets \$10—shares in proportion.
Certificates of packages of 26 whole tickets \$140 do do 26 halves do 26 quarters

On every Tuesday, Capital \$20,000-Tickets \$5—Shares in proportion. Packages \$16 25.

LT On every Thursday, Capital \$10,000—
Tickets \$3—quarters 75 cts. Package of quarters \$10. CF \$10.

The Small Fry Lottery, Capital \$4,500 will be drawn every Saturday—Tickets \$1, hall tickets 50 cents; quarters 25 cents. Packages

83 70.

LTOrders for Tickets and Shares and Certificates of Packages in the above splendid Lottery will receive the most prompt attention, and an official account of the drawing sent immediately after it is over, to all who order from me.

Address A. D. O'LEARY. Winchester, Feb. 15, 1848. Exchange and Lottery Office.

NO. 7, LIGHT ST., BALTIMORE, MD R. C. MATLACK & CO. CAPITAL PRIZE:

50.000 DOLLARS! Maryland Consolidated Lottery, CLASS 13, FOR 1848.

For the benefit of the Susquehanna Canal. To be drawn in the City of Baltimore, Wednesday, February 23, 1848. 78 Number Lottery and 14 drawn Ballots.

#### GRAND SCHEME Prize of \$50,000 do do do do 400 811 100 do do do do 5.504 28,224

34.412 prizes, amounting to 8897,696 Tickets \$15-Shares in proportion Certificates of packages in the above will be ssued and sold at the following rates: 26 whole tickets \$200 00 | 26 quarters 25 halves 100 00 | 26 eighths

The undersigned offer the above splendid Scheme to their numerous acquaintance throughout the country. Persons wishing Tickets in any of the Lotteries that are drawing daily, by sending their orders to us shall be faithfully attended to, and an official of the drawing properly attested by the Commissioners, sent them immediately after the drawing is over.

Remember, no postage need be paid on any communication to us on business.

We have Tickets on hand in every Lottery in the State of Maryland. We also have Small Fry Lotteries which draw on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays of each week. Capital prizes from \$4.000 to \$7,000. Tickets \$1—Halves 50 cts.

—Quarters 25 cts. Address your orders to R. C. MATLACK & CO.

No. 7 Light st., 2d door below Fountain Hotel.
Baltimore, Feb. 15, 1848.

Superior Garden Seeds. IN store, a full supply of English Garden Seed, just imported, warranted fresh, and that they will prove to be what they are sold for.

The subscriber will refer to all who have formerly sown his seed, that they are a superior and

erly sown his seed, that they enuine article.
Early York Cabbage,
Early Harvest, "
Large Premium Flat Dutch do f
Large Dram Head do. &c.
Pot and Sweet Herb Seed,
Flower Seed, large and beautiful variety. For
F. DUNNINGTON,
The by Carlot Brown Beads B. & O. Railroad.

Sale by F. DUNNING CO., Near Evan's X Roads, B. & O. Railroad. Feb. 15, 1848. PLANK.—A few hundred feet seasoned Plant for sale by COONS & HOFFMAN. Harpers-Ferry, Feb. 15, 1848. NEW CROP N. O. MOLASSES—A very fine article at 40 cents per gallon at Feb. 15. COONS & HOFFMAN. SAMUEL H. ALLEMONG.

Commission Merchant, Charlestown, Virginia,
AS just received from Mr. Samuel R. AtWell, to sell on his account, the following
bill of Goods, viz:—6 boxes very superior ChewTobacco, fram 12½ to 75 cents per lb, Principe,
Regalia, Havana, Casadore, Rifle, Spanish and
hall Spanish Segars; Fools Cap and Letter Paper;
1 box Pipes and 200 Pipe Heads; 8 gro. superior
Matches without sulpher; 33 bottles Garnet's
No. 2 Scotch Snuff; 1 bbl. Spanish Trimmings; 1
gross superior Bonnet Boards; all of which will
be sold at the very lowest possible prices.
Feb. 15, 1848.

JAMES MCSHERRY, ATTORDET AT LAW, HARPERS-FERRY, JEFFERSON COUNTY, VIRGINIA PRACTISES in the County and Superior Courts of Jefferson, Berkeley, Morgan and Frederick Counties. Feb. 8, 1848—tf.

SELLING OFF!

THE subscriber intending to quit the mercantile business, is now offering his entire stock of goods at cost, and many articles for what they will bring. He has on hand a large and well selected stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware and Queensware.

For the Gentlemen,

He has every variety of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Gloves, Hosiery, Hats; and a few Ready Made Overcoats and Cloaks. For the Ladies

"He has a large stock of Silks, Cashmeres, Mous-leins, Popliens, Lawns, Cambricks, Swiss Muslin, Laces, Edgings, Handkerchiefs, French work Col-lars, Gloves, Hose, Corded and Grass Skirts, with every thing elso in the way of dress goods.

Some beautiful Breastpins, Earrings, Bracelets Gold Pens-a few of the best sort left. Domestics. Also on hand a good stock of every kind of servants wear, all of which will be sold off for cast

To any one about to commence business, gre-inducements will be offered to take my who stock in trade.

E. M. AISQUITH.

Charlestown, Feb. 8. stock in trade.

SAMUEL H. ALLEMONG

Produce and General Commission Merchant, Produce and General Commission Merchant,

HAS just received on consignment, for sale,
Winchester Family and Superfine Flour;
Buckwheat Flour; Coarse and Fine Salt; Mackerel and Herring; Fifty bushels White Corn Meal;
Dried Apples; Onions; Potatoes; Tobacco and
Segars; Strong Cider Vinegar; Bacon; N. O.
and Porto Rico Sugars; New Orleans Sugarbouse Molasses; very superior Teas;
And all the small articles in the grocery line;
such as Allspice, Salacratus, Ginger, Nutmegs,
Indigo, Epsom Salte, Cinnamon, Mace, Mustard,
Candles, Chocolate, Blacking, British Lustre, &c.
&c. Also, a few Bushels very large Ohio Shell-&c. Also, a few Bushels very large Ohio Shell barks. Feb. 8, 1848.

#### NOTICE.

THE Stockholders of the Harpers-Ferry and Shenandoah Manufacturing Company are heroby notified that a further call of thirty-three heroby notified that a further call of thirty-three per cent. upon the second subscription to the stock of said Company, is required to be paid at the usual places of payment, on or before the first Friday in March next, and the remaining thirty-three per cent. is required to be paid on the first Friday in April next. Punctual payment is required to be made. All balances on the old Stock must be paid forthwith or the Stock will be sold according to law.

JAMES GIDDINGS, Pres't.

Feb. 8, 1848.—1m. [Free Press copy.]

# NOTICE.

HAVING discontinued the Store under the charge of S. H. Allemong, as Agent, I would respectfully inform all who are indebted to me at said Store, that the Books and accounts are in my hands, and that immediate payment will be expected.

J. J. MILLER. Feb. 8.

Virginia, to wit: John P. Haines, John Kealhoffer and Mary his wife, George W. Sappington and Charles G.

AGAINST Abigat N. Tate, Executrix, and John Humphey and Humphrey Keyes, Executors of George W Humphreys, dec'd, and others, Der'ts IN CHANCERY.

A LL parties interested in the above suit, now pending in the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Jefferson County, are hereby notified that the Plaintiffs in the said cause, will, on Saturday the 11th day of March next, between the hours of nine and six o'clock of that day, at the office of Edward E. Cooke, Esq. Master Commissioner, proceed to take the depositions of John Avis, William Morrow and Jacob Haines, to be read in evidence in said cause at the next regular term of the said Superior Court of Law

and Chancery for this county.
CHARLES J. FAULKNER, Feb. 8, 1848 .- 5t. Attorney for the Priffs. Tobacco, Paper, Matches, &c.

R. ATWELL is now receiving a very large and well serorted stock of Tobacco, Paper, and Matches, which he will sell at low prices and on good terms.

650 boxes Tobacco, pound, half do , \(\frac{1}{2}\) do., 5's 12's

200 Reams Cap Crown Wrapping Paper, 200 do large Crown do do 150 do Tea do do 150 do Tea 100 Reams ruled and unruled Cap and Letter do 10 Patent do do do 50 do Patent do do 50 do double Crown Wrapping. Davis Extra Steel Pen Ink, in qt. pt. 1 pt. and

oz. bottles.

90 Gross Matches, without Sulphur.

1 doz. Tobacco Cutters, of a new kind.

12 Kegs Gurrett's Scotch Snuff;

1 Barrel extra fine Rappee do; 1 do Scotch do;

10 Boxes do do; a lot of cotton twine.

Also, China Pipes, Snuff Boxes, Segar Cases, and a fine lot of various kinds of SEGARS, such as Principe, Riffe, Havanna, Castilla, Regalu, Planlation, Spanish and Half Spanish.

Plantation, Spanish and Half Spanish.

T Wanted, 25,000 pounds of Rags, for which the highest price will be given. Winchester, Feb. 8, 1848. 3t.

## House Carpentering.

THE subscriber would respectfully give notice to the public that he has commenced the Hease Carpentering business, in all its branches, at the residence of Mr. John C. Bonham, about two and a half miles North of Berryville, Clarke County, Va., where he is july prepared to execute all orders in his line, with neatness and at short notice, and in the very heat manner. He is also prepared to repair OLD FURNITURE, and pledges himself to do all his work in the best and most workmanlike manner. He respectfully solicits a call from those who have building or repairing to do, promising to give satisfaction in every respect. very respect. WILLIAM II. YOUNG

Snicker's Ferry, Clarke Co., Va., }
February 1, 1848—Gm. {
D Country produce taken in exchange to

CHEAP GROCERIES, &c.—Just received, a large supply of new and cheap Groceries. We deem it unnecessary to enumerate, as our supply is very large, and will be sold as long as the lovest. Farmers and others wanting large supplies will do well to call on us. Piles will do well to call on us.
Feb. 15. MILLER & BRO.

GARDEN SEEDS.—Fresh Garden Seeds comprising every variety and all warranted Feb. 15. MILLER & BRO. SALT, Fish, Dried Apples, Bacon and Lard for sale by MILLER & BRO. February 8.

APPRENTICE WANTE

A STOUT active Boy, 16 or 17 years of age is wanted immediately as an appression to the Blackemithing business. Apply to EDWARD N. BELL. Moore's Shop, Jefferson county, 1 Feb. 8, 1849—31.

THE LARGE OX!

NOW STORM or WHITEY, who is estimated to weigh Nine hundred Ponuds, more or less, is in prime order, having been liberally fed for nine months. These destroits of having some of him can do so by leaving their names at the Free Press Office, for the half, the quarter, or in clubs for like quantities. They may designate the time for killing, February Court, the 22d, or 4th of March. Price made known at the office. Feb. 8, 1848.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE. WILL sell to the highest bidder for cash, a NE-GRO WOMAN and CHILD; before the Cour-Honse in Charlestown, on Monday, February the

21st, Courtday.

JOHN II. STRIDER, Adm'r,
of John C. Wiggenton, dec'd.
February 1, 1848. EXCHANGE HOTEL, WASHINGTON CITY, D. C.,

C St., in the rear of Coleman's and Brown's BY T. M. MCILHANY, THIS spacious establishment, having been refitted and farnished in all its departments, is now open to the public, for their patronage and support. It is situated at convenient distances from the Rail-road Depot, Cepitol, Patent Office, and General Post Office.

Boarders, Visiters and Travellers, will find pleasant and capacious rooms, neatly furnished, upon/moderate terms.

#### Washington, Jan. 25, 1848. SAMUEL II. ALLEMONG. Produce and General Commission MERCHANT.

HAS procured the Ware Rooms lately occu-pied by him, under the dwelling of Mrs. Jane R. Woods, in Charlestown, for the purpose of re-ceiving all kinds of Produce and merchandize, to

ceiving all kinds of Produce and merchandize, to sell on commission. He respectfully solicits con-signments of the Farmers, Millers, Merchants and others, of the States of Virginia and Maryland. February 1, 1845. LT All goods stored with me to sell, will be sold strictly for cash, and as soon as the whole or any part is sold, the cash will be paid over to the owner, at sight.

CHURCH NOTICE. THE subscribers to the building of the Epis-copal Church, Charlestown, who are still in arrears, are most respectfully requested to make payment to the undersigned at an early day. N. S. WHITE, Collector. Feb. 1, 1848.—44.

Feb. 1, 1848.-4t. INSURANCE AGAINST FIRE! THE Franklin Fire Insurance Company of Philadelphia, continues to make insurance perpetual or limited, on all descriptions of property, in town and country, as low as consistent with security. The Company, have reserved a large contingent fund, which, with their capital and premiums, safely invested, afford ample protection to the insured.

minms, salely invested, allord ample protection to the insured.

The assets of the Company on the 1st January 1848, as published agreeably to an act of the Assembly, were as follows:

Morigages,
Real Estate,
108.358 90

108,358 90 124,459 00 51,563 25 Loans, (amply secured,) Stocks, Cash on hand. 45,157 87 81,220,097 67 Since their incorporation, a period of eighteen years they have paid upwards of One Million Two Hundred Thousand Dollars, losses by fire, which affords the most convincing evidence of the advantages of insurance, as well as their ability and disposition, to meet with promptness, all liabilities. All proposals for insurance promptly attended to by JAMES J. MILLER, Agent. Charlestown, Feb. 1, 1848.—3t.

EXECUTOR'S SALE Valuable Jefferson Land.

BY authority of the last will and testament of George H. Riely, deceased, the subscriber, as Executor of the same, will offer at Public Sale, to the highest bidder, on the premises, on FRI-DAY the 18th day of February next, that

miles South of Smithfield, and adjoining the lands of John & Joseph Smith, James Griggs and others, containing full

270 ACRES, a fair proportion of which is in Timber. The a fair proportion of which is in Timber. The Improvements consist of a comfortable Log to Dwelling House, Kitchen and Smoke House, an excellent BARN, sheded nearly all round, part of it finished and garácred off as a Granery, and a good Corn-house, all under good roof,—a Well of water convenient to the house, on a stream never known to fail, and a large Pool for Stock, which, I am informed, stands through the dryest season; also, an Orchard of good Froit This Land is of the best quality, and will compare well with any in the county for the certainty and abundance of the crop. Persons not familiar with the farm would do well to call and examine the land before the day of sale.

with the farm would do well to call and examine the land before the day of salls.

Possession will be given on the 1st of April next—reserving the privilege for the present tenant to cut, thresh and haul away the crop of grain in the ground, which will not be sold with the farm.

Terms:—One-third of the purchase money in hand—the balance in three equal annual payments, bearing interest from the day of sale. The interest which shall have accured on the deferred payments, to be paid at the end of each successive twelve months. All to be secured by bond and a lien on the Land. lien on the Land. W. O. MACOUGHTRY, Ex'r.
Jan. 11, 1848—18.

WE have made arrangements to deal largely in Country Produce of every description, and want now Lard, Bacon, Corn, Oats, Soap, Tallow, Beans, Butter, Eggs, Rags, and Dried Apples, for all of which we will give the highest price.

Feb. 8. MILLER & BRO.

Country Producé.

Plaid Cottons, Twilled Osna-WE have just received our Spring supply of Penitentiary Plaids; plain and twilled Osnaburgs, heavy 4.4 Brown Cottons, fine brown and bleached do. No. 1. 2, and 3 Buriaps, and Knitting Cotton. CRANE & SADLERs February 8.

Chenp Groceries.

L OAF and Brown Sugars, cheaper than ever,
Molasses, Coffee, Rice, G. A Sait, Fine do,
and a superior article of Table Salt, in store and
for sale by WM. R. SEEVERS.
Summit Point, February 8.

GROCERIEN.—New Orleans Sugar, New Orleans Sugar, New Orleans Sugar, New Annual Sugar, New Orleans Sugar, New DOMESTICS.—Brown and Bleached Cot-tons; Plain and Twilled Consburge; Plaid Cottons; Cotton Bags and Bagging received and for sale by WM. R. SEEVERS.

February, 8.

CRIB BLANKETS -- For sale by Dec. 31. E. M. AISQUITH.

CORSETS. When I was down in Boston town,
A month ago or more,
I saw a very sin'glar thing
I never saw before.

T'was hanging in a window case
Upon a string a straddle—
Looked something like an hour glass,
And something like a saddle. I asked of several citizens

Who chanced to be at hand,

What was it!" but their gibberish
I couldn't understand.

ne fellow called it a " restrai On certain parties placed, ike a decree in chancery, To stay the tenant's waste!" Another—just the queerest chap

Of any in the swarm—
laid, "twas the glass of fashion, but
It was the mould of form,"

Another said, "'twas a machine A lady used to rig her— 'To bring her form and life lato 'The very smallest figure."

At last a little girl came out, And think of my amaze! She asked me ' if I wouldn't please To buy a pair of stays!'

Of course I'd heard of stays' before But, strike ms deaf and damb! If ever 1, until that hour, Suspected them was um?

Well-lin't it exceeding strange That any maid or wife, Just for a 'little taper' should Put out the 'lamp of life t' I know that lunatics must have Straight jackets put about 'em— But women in their wits should make A surer to no—without em!

# Variety.

Junga Douglass .- The Washington corres pondent of the Philadelphia News says that the history of Judge Douglass, Senator from Il inois, is truly remarkable :

A few years ago he was a carpenter or a shee maker, or some other sort of an honest mechanimiker, or some other sort of an honest mechanic, working at his business in the State of New York. He despised and disavowed the sentiment that no man should be above his profession. He went to Illinois, where he turned lawyer and politician—joked with the grown daughters, and kissed the little babies of the backwoodsmen kissed the little babies of the backwoodsmen—
ran for Congress and was elected—served some time in the House of Representatives—went for 53 40, or a fight all round—got elected to the U. S. Scnate—married a lady, a fine little lady too, worth her own weight in gold and fifty times her weight in "niggers," as liey say, and now drives about in the most stylish coach on the Avenue—a private one, drawn by splendid grey horses; such is the history of our Senatorial. horses; such is the history of our Senato

REVENUE OF MEXICO .- A "memoir," transmit REVENUE OF MEXICO.—A "memoir," transmitted by Gen. Scott to our government, regarding the revenues of Mexico, give a just idea of the amount which we will be able to raise in that country for the support of the "Army of Occupation." According to the last report on Mexican revenues, belonging to 1844, and presented to Congress by Luis de la Rosa in 1845, the revenues of the Mexican republic were divided into seven different Mexican republic were divided into seven different branches, and amounted to \$25,905,348.

Three deaths from starvation lately occurred in Philadelphia among the colored population. Such an occurrence has never come under our notice in any of the slave States. Great friends of humanity these abolitionists; they induce our slaves to quit comfortable homes where they are aurrounded by plenty and then leave them to starvation.—Hagerstown News.

AFFAIR OF HONOR ARRESTED.—A letter to the editor of the Whig, dated Lynchburg, Feb. 4, says:

"The quict of our town was interrupted on yesterday by the report of an affair of honor, about to take place between Major Walter Gwynn, and E. H. Gill, Esq., both officers of the James River and Kanawha Company. The parties were to have met a short distance below Lynchburg, and Mr. Gill had already left for the ground, and Major Gwynn was on his horse, when officer Burton arrested him. Major Gwynn was bound over to keep the peace in the sum of \$5,000. Mr. Gill escaped the officers. The affair is said to have originated in a mere matter of etiquette." originated in a mere matter of etiquette."

SUBLIME AND RIDICULOUS .- The following toast was recently given:

Wealth by our labor, Independence by our sword. Here the speaker came to a pause, having for-gotten the rest, and added:

Virtue wants more admirers, wisdom more suplicants, truth more real friends, and honesty more

Gold is worshipped in all climates; without a gle te nple; and by all classes, without a single

Experience is a kind of torture, that art gives to nature to make her speak.

PRETTY FAIR .- Now, boys, you hear that the PRETTY FAIR.—Now, boys, you hear that the country is in danger from them pesky Mexicans; gird on your bright swords, and rush to the field of battle. The laurels is growing that shall bind your brows, and the hemp are in the fields that shall hang Santy Hannah. Remember Resky dla Plamer, Bony Victory, and Sara Gorda!—Three cheers for Old Colomby! And, now, let's go arter that henroost in widder Fisher's barn!

"Mrs. Jones, do you ever mean to pay me for that dozen of Mackerel?"
"I certainly do, please goodness, Mister Smith." Then, when pray, Mrs. Jones ?"

"As soon as the money crisis is over, Mister Smith, sure!"

"I'm a done sucker," as the child said when his mother weaned him.

It's my luck, exclaims every man, when he meets with a misfortune. An Italian poet once said, in a fit of despair, that if he had been bred a hatter, people would have been born without heads.

Other feelings grow cold—other memories pass away; but the gentle image of the mother who has watched our childhood,—her love, her tender-ness, her unwearied devotion, will forever be mir-towed on the human heart. rowed on the human heart.

A FACTURY PROPRIETOR'S NOTICE .- "I will admit no cigars nor good looking men within these walls. One sets a flame going among my solton; the other among my gals."

"I never complained of my condition," said Sandy, "but once, when my feet were bare, and no money to buy shoes; but I met a man without feet, and became contented with my lot."

"Wall" said a soft-hearted blubering Jonathan, the other day "Suke has gin me the eack, by gra-vy! I've lost her." "Lost her, how?" inquired his sympathizing friend. "I laid the soft soap into her so darned thick, that the critter got so proud she wouldn't speak to me."

On Sunday, a lady called to her little boy who

Don't you know you shouldn't be out there, my son? Go into the back yard, if you want to play mrables—it is Sunday.'

'Well, yes. But ain't it Sunday in the back yard, mother,'

A Her.—"My father is richer than yours," raid a boy to his companion.

"How do you know?" was the reply.

"Hecause my father says that your father pays for every thing which he buys, while my father never pays any body, but keeps his money to shave notes with."

"A TCHES—65 gross Matches, for sale by YOUNG, Ag't.

VALUABLE BOOKS.

JUST received, a large edition to our stock of Books, among which will be found a number of the most valuable works. We subjoin a

ber of the most valuable works. We subjoin a catalogue in part:

Arnold's History Rome, Prayer Books,
Later's Roman Commonwealth,
Thier's French Revo,
Carlyes's do.,
Guizot's Hist. English
Revolution,
Do. Hist. Civilization,
Michblet's His. France,
Bancroft's "U. S.,
McGaulcy's Miscel'ies,
Froissart's Chronicles,
D'Aubigne's Hist. Ref.,
Prescott's Peru,
D'Aubignie's Cromwell,
Napoleon & Marshalt's
Washington and Geuerals by Headley,
Iving's Columbus,
Life of Capt. J. Smith
illustrated by D. Strother,
Arnold's Lectures Modern History,
Rights and Wyongs of Scott's Works.

Arnold's Lectures Modern History,
Rights and Wrongs of Indians by MeHenry, Headley's Sacred Mounillustrated, containing a true portrait of Pochamber of American School Scott's Works,
Indians by MeHenry, Headley's Sacred Mounillustrated, Carlyle's Sacred Mounians, in turkey and cloth, Large asst. of Bibles, Carlyle's Speeches of Cromwell, Stephen's Travels, Charlotte Elizabeth's do Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progether with several hundred other vols. of gress, 6 vols. turkey and gill elegantly illustrated,
Do. do. cheap bindings, Cheap.
The public are respectfully invited to call and look over them.

MILLER & BRO.

The public are respectfully invited to call an ok over them.

MILLER & BRO. Jan. 25, 1848.

SCHOOL BOOKS.—All the most approved Latin, Greek, French and English School Books. Also, 10 reams assorted cap paper; Ten reams assorted letter from 6 to 25c per quire, Gilt edged do., Note Paper, Visiting Cards, Gold Pene, Steel do., Lead Pencils, Drawling do. Graduated do.

Drawing do., Graduated do., Handsome Rosewood Writing Desks, A well assorted lot of Portfoliocs, Wafers, Quills, Ink, Sand, &c. On hand and for sale as low as they can bought anywhere. MILLER & BRO. bought anywhere. Jan. 25, 1848.

Fresh Garden Seeds. UST received from the Shaker's and Risley's Gardens, Fresh Garden Seeds, of every variety nd description.
Also a large lot of Flower Seeds, fresh and geiuine, for sale at T. M. FLINT'S Drug Store. February 1.

Cheap Sugars, &c. UST received another lot of Prime N. O. Su-gar, Lump and Loaf Sugars, Superior Gun-owder Tea, very low, dark strong Rio Coffee, and powder 1 ea, very low, dark strong Rio Collee, and Molasses of various qualities—all of which I will sell as cheap as any in the country, for the cash, at F. Dunnington's New Warehouse. B. & O. R. R., Feb. 1.

Farm Wagon.

FOR sale a small four horse second hand wagon in good order, which I will sell cheap for
cash or on 6 months credit.

F. DUNNINGTON.
B. & O. R. R., near Evans' Roads, Feb. 1.

Plough Iron, &c.

O Nhand an assortment of Plough and Bar Irons from Hughes' Iron Works, for sale cheap for the cash.

F. DUNNINGTON.

Mould Boards. FEW of McCormick's Mould Boards on hand and for sale by
F. DUNNINGTON. February 1.

DR. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY.
THE GREAT REMEDY FOR
CONSUMPTION,

Wheraver it is introduced and becomes known, all others dwindle into insignificance. The public have been "humburged" long enough, and now resort to a medicine which the testimony of the most enthent physicians in the land has placed beyond the reach of criticism—It requires no bolstering up, by publishing columns of forged certificates—but it is enough to let the public know where it can be obtained, and one trial will convince all of its great efficiency in curing those distressing diseases above named, which have baffled the skill of the most learned practitioners for anyscherctofore.

DR. SWAYNES COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY was the first proparation from that valuable tree which was aver introduced to the public, and ample proof is afforded of its success by the country being flooded with "Balsams," "Candias," and "Mixtures "of Wild Cherry, not one of which is prepared by a regular physician, although they have assumed the names of respectable physicians to give currency to their "Nostrums." Therefore the public should be on their guard, and not have a worthless mixture palmed upon them for the original and genuine preparation, which is only prepared by DR. SWAYNE, N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

HENRY S. FORNEY, AGENT.

Shepherdstown, July 2, 1317—cowly. Domestics.

JUST received Penitentiary Plaid Cotton, 4-4
Brown do. Bleached do. Twilled Osneburg
Cotton a heavy article for servants, 4-4 Osnaburg
do; Brown and Bleached Kuitting Cotton, &c.,
for sale cheap by
E. S. TATE. for sale cheap by February, 1. 1848.

House Servant.

POR hire, till Christmas next, a female house servant, who is also an excellent seamstress Enquire of JOHN P BROWN.

Pebruary 1.

Scrvant Wanted.

WANTED to hire, for the present year, a Negro Woman, who understands Washing, cooking, &c. For such an one, a liberal hire will be paid. Apply to this office, or to JOSEPH R. WHITE.

Harpers-Ferry, Feb. 1, 1848 .- 3t. 20 BBLS-good Superfine Flour, and 5 Bushiel Ilefiebower, to sell on his account
S. II. ALLEMONG,

Charlestown, Feb. 8, 1848. MILL and Cross-Cut Sawe, Chopping Axes warranted for 30 days, for sale by Feb. 8. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

COAL and PLASTER, a good supply on ham and for sale by WM. R. SEEVERS.

DOCTOR JAYNE'S Family Medicine, and TOWNSEND'S Sarsaparilla, for sale by Feb. 8. WM. R. SEEVERS. RESH PRUIT .-- 20 boxes Oranges, 10 do. Harpers Ferry, Peb 8 A YOUNG, Ag't.

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS, from Risle'y & Co. New York, and Shaker's society Lebanon New York, for sale by Harpers-Ferry, Feb. 8. A. YOUNG, Ag't.

ART UNION, PHILADELPHIA.

funds is divided into certificates for different sums, and distributed by lot, amongst the members, (at the annual meeting on the first Monday in May of each year.) for the purchase of Paintings, Drawings, &c., by National Artists, from any accredited Exhibition in the Union.

Thus, for the small sum of fice dollars, each member has the certainty of receiving an engraving of a good picture, in the highest style of the art, worth in itself the amount of his subscription, and the chance, besides, of drawing a certificate for a considerable sum, to be expended in the purchase of a Work of Art.

for a considerable sum, to be expended in the pur chase of a Work of Art.

The Engraving for this year will be from Lentze's fine painting of "John Knox Rebuking Mary Queen of Scots," size, 20 inches in height, and of proportionate width.

The Institution is managed by gentlemen who have no privileges beyond other members, and no compensation, except the satisfaction of serving the cause of Art; they therefore with confidence appeal to the growing taste and patriotic pride of their fellow-citizens, to lend their aid, (it is but lending.) to a cause which unites so much public lending.) to a cause which unites so much public good with private gratification, at so little individu-al expense.

IJ Persons wishing to subscribe will please all on B. F. Washington, Esq., at his office in Charlestown. Dec. 17, 1847. call on B. F. Wash Charlestown.

CASH FOR NEGROES. THE subscriber is anxious topurchase a large number of Negroes, of both sexes, sound and likely. Persons having Negroes to dispose of, will find it to their interest to give him a call before selling, as he will pay the very highest cash varies.

He can be seen at the Berkeley Courts, at Martinsburg, on the second Monday, and at Berryville on the fourth Monday in each month, and asualy at his residence in Charlestown.

All letters addressed to him will be prompt attended to.

WILLIAM CROW. Charlestown, Dec. 3, 1847-tf

> CHEAP CLOTHING. Great Bargains and no Mistake!

THE subscribers would respectfully inform the public that they keep constantly on hand, New and Cheap Clothing Store,

opposite the U. S. Pay Office, Harpers-Ferry, Va general assortment of Ready-Made Clothing,

ch as Superfine black Cloth Dress and Frock Coats, Cassimere and Cassinet do., Pilot Cloth Overcoats, Fine Cloth do., Cloaks of every quality, Vests from 75 cents up to 85, Pantaloons of every price and quality, Shirts of all kinds, Under Shirts and Drawers, a general assortment of Silk Hikks, Suspenders, Hats, and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Umbrellas, Canes, Breast Pins, &c., which we are determined to sell at the very lowest prices. Call and examine for yourselves. If Clothing of all descriptions can't be bought for 25 per cent. less than at any other establishment in the country, we shall not ask you to expend your money with us. Coats, Cassimere and Cassinet do., Pilot Cloth

money with us.

R. WALTER & BROTHER.

Harpers-Ferry, Dec. 31, 1847-3m.

Virginia, Jefferson County, Set:

IN THE COUNTY COURT,

CONSUMPTION,
Colds, Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Ashma, Pain in the Side
and Breast, Whooping Cough, Croup,
and all Disorders of the Liver,
and Lungs, Broken Constitution, &c., &c.

This "Celebrated Remedy" has now, by its Intrinsic
tirtues, acquired a celebrity which can never be
staken by the many quack "Nostrums" with which
the country abounds. The public are fast learning that
this is the only remedy that can be relied upon for the
speedy and permanent cure of all Diseases of the Lungs.
It is literally sweeping Consumption from the land;
whereaver it is introduced and become known, all others
dwindle into insignificance. The public have been and answer the Bill of the Plaintiff; and that a copy of this Order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in this county, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Court-house of this county.

A Copy-Teste. T. A. MOORE, Clk.

Dec. 24, 1847-2m. Jane's Family Medicines.

AYNE'S Expectorant, Do. Hair Tonic, Alterative, Carminative Balsam, Do. Tonic Vermifuge, Do. Tonic Vermitage,
Do. Sanative Pills,
Do. Ague and Fever do.,
Do. Hair Dye.
A large supply of the above valuable medicines
ust received, and for sale by
Dec. 10, 1847. JOHN P. BROWN.

Gold Pens.

WE have just received another supply of those celebrated Diamond Pointed Gold Pens, both in Gold and Silver Cases. Also a few extra Pens without Cases; persons in want of the above articles can be supplied by calling at the Store of Jan 11. C. G. STEWART & SON.

Goods at Cost.

W E nave on hand Cashmeres, Mouslins, Meriness, & Caheces, with a large lot of other desirable articles, which we will sell at cost or less if necessary. Call and see the bargains.

Jan. 25. GIBSON & HARRIS.

Nails.

Nails.

Nails. Resorted sizes, for sale by Jun. 7. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

N. O. Molasses.

BBLS. superior quality N. O. Molasses
for sale at YOUNG'S Agency. Jan. 11, 1847. E ARLY YORK CABBAGE SEED, toget or with a large and well selected assortment of Garden Seeds from the Shaker's Garden, New

of Garden Seeds from the Charlest received by Lebannon, and warranted, just received by J. P. BROWN. Clover Seed.

WE have a lot of best quality Clover Seed, on hand and for sale at the Leetown Store.

Feb. 1, LICKLIDER & CAMERON.

WHITE BEANS and DRIED APPLES for Feb. 1. LICKLIDER & CAMERON.

BEST quality Rifle and Blasting Powder, for F. DUNNINGTON. February 1. HEAVY AXES.—Sharp's superior heavy

F. DUNNINGTON. WANTED.—Old Rags. Soap, Lard, Tallow, Butter and Eggs, and all kinds of country produce. P. DUNNINGTON. SAPPINGTON'S HOTEL.

ART UNION, PHILADELPHIA,

TOR the Promotion of the Fine Arts in the
United States—Incorporated in 1844.

OFFICERS FOR 1847—8.—James McMurtie,
President; Joseph Sill, Vice President; Wm.
Todhanter, Treasurer; James S. Wallace, Corresponding Secretary; Thomas F. Adams, Recording Secretary, Thomas F. Adams, Recording Secretary, Thomas F. Adams, Recording Secretary, Thomas F.

Valuable Landed Estate, situated three miles North West of Charlestown, (the seat of Justice for Jefferson county, Va.,) within half a mile of the Winchester and Potomac Railroad, and the Smithfield and Harpera-Ferry Turnpike, and also within four Miles of Kerney's Depot, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad,

Containing 600 Acres. The Impromements consist of a commodious BRICK.

DWELLING HOUSE,

containing eleven rooms. The Out-buildings consist of a Smoke-house, Negro Houses, Stabling, &c.
There is a great variety of THUET BOLCEO

growing and yielding upon the Estate

This land can be divided into two farms, giving both wood and water to each.

The subscriber respectfully invites a call from those desirous of purchasing land, as he is prepared to accept a price that would make the purchase a valuable investment, even as a speculation, to any disposed to engage in such an enterprise. To a gentleman of fortune, who desires a country residence, an opportunity is now offered rarely to be met with. rarely to be met with.

WM. T. WASHINGTON.

Near Charlestown, Jefferson Co., Va., 
December 18, 1846.

NEW GOODS, NEW GOODS!

Quick Sales and Small Profits. AT THE LEETOWN STORE. THE subscribers respectfully announce to the public generally, that they are now receiving and opening their SECOND SUPPLY of New Fall and Winter Goods, which they will sell very cheap, as their motto is "Quick Sales and Small Profits."

The public generally are requested to call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere, as they are determined to sell at very low prices. Their stock comprises, in part, the following ar

Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetts and Vestings; Tweeds, Linseys, Flannels and Blankets; Tickings, Burlaps Linens and Checks; Brown, bleached and Osnaburg Cottons; Brown, bleached and Osnaburg Cottons;
Calicoes at 64, 8, 10 and 12½ cts per yard;
Ginghams at 12, 19 and 25 cents;
Bl'k, white and Furniture Calicoes, at 8, 10, 12½;
Cashmeres, Mouselines and Alpaccas;
L. C. Silk and Cotton Hdks;
Black Woollen and Cotton Hose;
Laces, Edgings, Ribbons and Tapes;
Gum Elastic and Webb Suspenders;
Shawls, Comforts and Cotton Uumbrellas;
Patent Thread, Spool Boss, Buttons, Combs,
Tooth Brushes, Thimbles, &c., &c.
Also—A full assortment of Hats, Caps, Boots
and Shoes, and a general assortment of Groceries,
Hardware, Tinware, Queensware, and Earthen
ware.

LickLider & Cameron.
Leetown, Nov. 5, 1847.

LickLider & Cameron.
Lectown, Nov. 5, 1847.
N. B.—All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for Goods, at the highest market prices.
L. & C.

Marble Establishment.

THE subscribers beg leave, most respectfully, to announce to the citizens of Jefferson and the surrounding counties, that they have opened a MARBLE YARD in Charlestown, a few doors West of the Post Of-fice, on the opposite side, where they will be pre-pared at all times, to furnish Monuments, Tombs, Head and Foot Stones, and all other articles in

All orders thankfully received and punctual ttended to. ANDERSON & RING. Charlestown, August 6, 1847-6m

Pratt's Patent Artificial Nipple, Breast Pump, and Nursing Bottle. NIPPLE.



SUPPLY of the above valuable articles re

Charlestown, Aug. 27, 1847.

THE subscribers are anxious to purchase any number of Bushels of Wheat and Corn, for which they will pay the highest Cash price on delivery; or, if the farmers prefer it, they will haul it from their Barns, as they keep teams of that purpose. Farmers, look to your interest, and give us a call before you dispose of your produce.

M. I. & V. W. MOORE,

Jewelry and Fancy Goods.

THE subscribers have returned from the Eastern cities with a handsome stock of Jewelry and Fancy Goods, which have been bought on good terms, and will be sold at a very moderate advance, comprising in part, Gold and Silver Watches, all descriptions of Breast Pins, Finger Rings, Ear Rings, Bracelets, Gold and Silver Pencils, Gold Pens, &c. Also—a good assortment of Cornelius, Parlor and common Lard Lamps, from 50 cts., to \$12; Candlelarbers, gill and plated, from one to three branches: musical instruments—Accordeans, very cheap, Flutes, Fifes, &c., Britannia Ware, in sels and single pieces; a handsome assortment of Plated and Britannia Casters and Candicaticks; Cullery, come very fine Razors, Penknives, Scissors. Tweesers, &c.; Steel Beads and Trimmings, Bead Bags, Purses, &c.; a beautiful tot of Choral, for Necklaces, with a general assortment of Toys and other articles usually kept with the above goods.

C. G. STEWART & SON.

Charlestown, Nov. 5, 1847. Jewelry and Fancy Goods.

J. RANDOLPH TUCKER.

Winchester, Virginia,
WILL practice in the Superior and Inferior
Courts of Frederick, Jefferson, Clarke and
Berkeley Counties.
Winchester, Oct. 1, 1847—tf.

LOOK HERE. BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTORY.

THE undersigned has on hand, and manufac-tures to order, at the shortest notice, all de-scriptions of Ladies' and Gentlemen's BOOTS AND SHOES, Which he will be happy to exhibit to his friends and customers—being confident that he can suit all tastes, as he has every variety, and at every

shade in price.

Among the stock on hand will be found—
Single, Double, Treble and Cork-soled Boots,
Coarse Boots for servants, very heavy, large sup-

Coarse Boots for servants, very heavy, large supply; from 3 to 400 pair best coarse Shoes, can't be beat,
A variety of Call and Kip Shoes for men's wear,
Call, Morocco and Kip Shoes, for ladies.
Boys, misses and children's Shoes, various kinds.
In fact he has on hand the best assortment ever manufactured in the town or country, and a judi-cious selection of Ladies wear.

He tenders his thanks to the public for the liberal custom thus far bestowed upon him, and ex-pects from his desire to please, to receive contin-

used evidences of approbation.

He will at all times make to order any description of work in his line at the very shortest nutice.

JAS. McDANIEL, Agent. October 22, 1847.

growing and yielding upon the Estate
besides every variety of Ornamental Trees growing in the yard.

The Dwelling commands a beautiful view of the Blue Ridge and North Mountains, and is very healthy, but few cases of sickness having ever occurred, arising from its local situation. The land is of the best limestone. From its location,—being convenient to all the improvements, so that all the produce raised upon the farm c\*n be easily conveyed to market at little expense,—this estate is one of the most desirable in the county.

This land can be divided into two farms, giving both wood and water to each.

The subscriber respectfully invites a call from those desirous of purchasing land, as he is prepared to accept a price that would make the purchase. NOW FOR BARGAINS.

Charlestown, Oct. 15, 1847.

N. B.—All kinds of Garments cut and made to order, as heretofore, at the shortest notice and on the most liberal terms, and always warranted to fit well.

J. C.

FURNITURE DEPOT At Harpers-Ferry.

THE undersigned has the pleasure to announce to the public that he has for sale, a large ussortment of BEAUTIFUL FURNITURE,
Such as Sofas, Bureaus, Tables, Chairs, Mattresses, Bedstends, Looking Glasses, &c. all of which he will sell at very reduced prices. These articles are manufactured in Alexandria, of the best materials, and in the best manner, with the aid of machinery, and under such favorable circumstances as enables him to assure the public that they are better and handsomer, and will be sold cheaper, than any made in this quarter of the country. Those who have been in the habit of supplying sortment o

Those who have been in the habit of supplying themselves from the Alexandria establishment, are particularly invited to call and see the artiles now offered. Call and examine oefore you purchase elsewhere.

ET UNDERTAKING, and Repairing of all kinds of Furniture, attended to promptly.

JOHN R. ZIMMERMAN.

Harpers-Ferry, April 30, 1847-6m



JACOB FUSSELL, Jr., No. 30, Light street, Ballimore, Maryland,

Six-plate Air-tights from 4 to 9 dollars; Kitchen Ranges and Hot Air Furnaces at the lowest rates.

Address, JACOB FUSSEIA, Jr.,
July 16, 1847—1y. No. 30 Light st., Balt.

Bendy-made Clothing.

WE ask the public to call and examine our splendid stock of READY-MADE CLOTH-ING, which we are not only selling at less than JEW'S PRICES, but are actually disposing of for less than the cost of material. Call and see for yourselves.—STEPHENS & WELLS. December 10, 1847.

New Crop N. O. Sugar. 5 IHDS. prime N. O. Sugar, at 61 cents per pound, or 100 pounds for \$6—for sale by A. YOUNG, Agent.

Main st., Harpers-Ferry, Jan. 11, 1848.

5 HHDS. Porto Rico Sugar, at 61 cts per lb. for sale at ADAM YOUNG'S Agency.
Main street, Harpers-Ferry, Dec. 31, 1847. NO. 1 Loaf Sugar—8 boxes, 150 lbs. each, at 11 cents per lb. by the box, or 121 cents at retail, at YOUNG'S Harpers-Ferry, Dec. 31, 1847.

A LMANACS for 1848, of every kind, for sale by MILLER & BRO. Dec. 24, 1847. 10 BOXES Rosin Soap; 10 boxes Mould Gandles, 6'a; 10 boxes Sperm Candles, 6's—for sale by Dec. 31. YOUNG, Agent.

CASTILE SOAP.—10 boxes, 80 lbs. each genuine Castile Soap, for sale by A. YOUNG, Ag't.

BALTIMORE TRADE

LAWRENCE B. BECKWITH, EDUCAS & AUDUS Commission Merchant,

No. 22 Commerce Street, Baltimore. REFER TO H. Keyes, Esq.,
T. H. & W. B. Willis,
Jno. R. Flagg, Esq.,
Jas. L. Ranson, Esq.,
Lewis Fry & Co., Berkeley Co., Va.
G. H. Beckwith & Co., Middleway,
Lewis K. White, Esq., Shepherdstown, Charlestown, Va. Jno. K. White, Esq., Shep Baltimore, Sept. 17, 1847.

WALTER CROOK, Jr., UPHOLSTERER AND PAPER HANGER, altimore street, near Charles, Be

K EEPS constantly in store a large and general all assortment of Upholstery Goods, Curtain Materials, French and American Paper Hangings. Also makes to order Bed and Window Curtains, Cushions, Carpets, Feather Beds and Matresses. Baltimoré. July 16, 1847—19\*

DIX'S COLUMBIA HOUSE, South Charles Street, opposite German Street, BALTIMORE, MD.

THIS HOUSE being located in the immediate vicinity of the Railroad Depot makes it a desirable Situation for Travellers.
Terms per day \$1,25 cts.
July 16, 1847—6m.

LEWIS A. METTEE, MERCHANT TAILOR.

NO. 13 LIGHT STREET, (Near Forg's & Thurston's Fountain Hotel.)

C ENTLEMEN'S Garments made in a superior manner. Making, Cutting and Trimming done on reasonable terms, with neatness and Baltimore, July 16, 1847-6m.

A PHILLIPS & CO., MEDONAUT TALLONS.

S. W. Corner of Baltimore and Charles streets,

HAVE constantly on hand an extensive assortment of superior Ready-made Clothing.

Gentlemen in want of fashionable Garments will find at this Establishment one of the best supplies in the city, at the lowest prices for cash.

To Garments made to order, in the most fashionable style, and warranted to please.

Their facilities for purchasing and manufacturing their goods are very advantageous, having one of the firm residing East, which enables them to have early and constant supplies of all SEASONABLE AND FASHIONABLE GOODS.

With the arrangements they have made, and their long experience in the business, they can with confidence assure the public that they are prepared to sell at the lowest prices for CASH.

Baltimore, July 16, 1847—1v.

Baltimore, July 16, 1847-1y. TURNER & MUDGE. WHOLESALE DEALERS IN PAPER OF all descriptions.

OF all descriptions.

Printing and Writing Inks, Bleaching Powders, Russia Skins, &c.

UT Cash paid for Rags.

No. 3, South Charles Street, Baltimore.

June 11, 1847-1y. JAMES M. HAIG,

No. 133 Baltimore Street, Baltimore,
SIGN OF THE GOLD TASSEL,
IMPORTER and Manufacturer of Fringes,
Tassels, Gimps, Odd Fellows' and Masonic
Regalia, Flags, Banners, &c. Dealer in Buttons,
Tallors' Trimmings, Cords, &c. Fancy Goods in
every variety, wholesale and retail.

LT All orders promptly attended to.
Baltimore, Feb. 5, 1847—1y\*

Scales, Scales! Scales!!

Marden's Patent Improved Platform and Counter Scales. Manufactory Corner of South Charles and Balder-ston Streets, Baltimore. A LL persons in want of Weighing Apparatus, that is desirable, correct and cheap, can be supplied at my establishment with promptness.— I warrant every article manufactured, equal, if not superior, to any others in this country, and at

prices so low that every purchaser shall be satisfied. Beams and Platforms, from the heaviest tonnage to the most minute Gold and Assayer's Balance, always on hand.

S. B. SEXTON, July 16, 1847—6m. 119 Lombard st., Balt. NEW HARDWARE STORE.

THE undersigned having associated themselves for the prosecution of the Hardware Business, are prepared to offer their friends and all who may call on them an Entire New Stock, which has been selected with the greatest care, from the European and American Manufacturers.

Our Stock, in part, comprises the following articles viz:

Knives, Scissors, Needles, Razors, Saws, Axes, Files, Locks, Hinges, Bolts, Screws, Gnns, Curtain Bands, Tea Trays, Fire Irons, Cast Pots, Ovens, Kettles, Spades, Shovels, Scythes, Rakes, Forks, Chains, Nails, Iron, Steel, Tin, Wire, Copper, Zinč, Lead, Lead Pipe, Pumps, Hydraulic Rams, &c.; Stoves, Grates, Anvils, Vices, Bellows, Harness and Saddlery Mountings; Eliptic Springs and Axles, warranted; Patent Leather, Painted Cloth, Coach Lace, Lamps, Hubs, Bows, Hyb-bands, Mallable Castings, and all Goods usually kept in Hardware Stores, which we offer wholesale and retail at our new Grante from Ware-houses, sign of the Gill Plane, at the Southeast corner of Bridge and High streets. Entrance, first door from the corner in either street.

MUNCASTER & DODGE.

Georgetown, D. C., March 5, 1847. Knives, Scissors, Needles, Razors, Saws, Axer

Bargains, Bargains.

THE subscribers offer their entire stock of Cashmeres, M. d'Lanes and Prints, at cost.

Jan. 7. CRANE & SADLER.

POWDERED SUGAR—4 bbls. best quality
Powdered Loaf Sugar, for sale by
Jan. 11.
A. YOUNG, Agent.

DR. SWEETZER'S PANACEA.

THIS Medicine is warranted, on oath, not to contain a particle of Calomel, Corrosive Sub-imate, Arsenic, Chloride of Gold, or any delete-

A contain a particle of Calomei, Corrosive Sublimate, Arsenic, Chloride of Gold, or any deleterious minerals.

The principle upon which this medicine acts, is by assisting and harmonizing with nature; it drives out all foul acrimonious humors from the blood and body, and by assimilating with and strengthening the gastric juice of the stomach, it assists digestion; in short there is not a vein, artry, muscle or nerve in the human body, that is not strengthened by the Paracea, and it also possesses the remarkable property of removing mercury from the bones and joints.

FOR ERUPTIONS OF THE SRIB,
SCUTYY, Scorbutic Affections, Tumore, Scrofula or
King's Evil, White Swellings, Erysipelas, Ulcers,
Cancers, Running Sores, Scabs and Biles, time
and a determined perseverance in Dr. SweltZer's Paracea, will effect a cure.

FOR INDICESTION,
Rejection of food, Nausca, Vomitings, Nervous affections, Bilious complaints, Head-ache, Paleness, or Female Irregularities, Dn. SWEETZER'S PANACEA will soon effect a cure; but if obstinate, or attended with griping, flying pains, the dose should be increased, and the cure will soon be effected. Let not the patients frighten themselves with the idea that they are too weak to take much medicine; but bear in mind that this mildly operating medicine puts not weakness into the frame, but most certainly draws weakness out, leaves strength in its place, and by giving composed sleep at night, and an appetite for any kind of food, re-animates the whole frame with vigorous action, improving the mind and clearing the sight.

SCROFULA AND GLANDULAR AFFECTIONS.

Scrofula is said to be hereditary, the infant receiving from its parents the seeds of this disease, which increases with its years, if neglected and not subjected to frequent purification with Dr. Sweetzer's Panacea. The glands are placed in the corners of the body, and out of the way of direct communication; their real use is a subject on which much difference of opinion prevails; it suffices us to know that when in a diseased state, they are capable of being purified and cleansed by a long course of Dr. Sweetzer's Panacea, which restores them to sound and proper action. Scrofulous persons can never pay too much attention to their blood, its purification should be their first thought, for after a long course of persoverance they will even cure hereditary disease.

In case of Jaundice, Asthma, Liver complaints,

In case of Jaundice, Asthma, Liver complaints, Tie Deloreux, Rheumatism or Rheumatic Gont, Dr. Sweetzer's Paracea cannot be too highly extolled; it searches out the very root of the disease, and by removing it from the blood, makes a cure certain and permanent.

For diseases of the Bladder and Kidneys, Strictures, Gravel, Stone, Piles, Fistula, Urimary Obstructions and Extreme Costiveness, Dr. Sweetzer's Paracea is the best remedy ever tried; it removes all those acrimonious humors from the blood which give rise to the above diseases, and by keeping the blood in a pure condition, insures health.

health.

For Dropsy, Falling of the Bowels, Impurities of Blood, Mercuriat Taint, Weakness of the Spine, Flow of blood to the head, Giddiness, Singing or Buzzing noise in the head and ears, Dr. Sweztzer SPANACEA will give certain relief; in all severe and chronic cases, the patients cannot be too otten reminded that larger doses and persecurance will effect a cure.

In Chills and fevers, billious fever, affections of the evers and ears, sponger, and bleeding gums.

the eyes and ears, spongy and bleeding gums, Bronchitis, and recent coughs and colds, Dr. Sweetzer's Paracea will be found perfectly

sure and certain in its effects. These complaints are generally attended with the most fatal consequences, and are seldom or never cured by the present mode of treatment; they usually accompany the patient to the grave, after suffering the most exerutating pain and tor ture. The cause of these complaints are the same as all others, the dross of the blood becomes incompany the patient party assences. as all others, the dross of the blood becomes incrusted on the finest narrow passages, whence arise morbid secretions and stoppages of urine.— You will find the most powerful diurctics of no use, as they only increase the quantity of urine and do not purify and strengthen the parts. By purifying the blood with Dr. SWEETZER'S PARACEA, you remove the cause of the disease, consequently it cannot exist any longer, after sufficient perseverance in its use has deprived the blood and body of all acrimonious humors and incrustations.

ined. Beams and Platforms, from the heaviest tonnage to the most minute Gold and Assayer's Balance, always on hand.

Country Morchants, &c., are particularly invited to call and examine for themselves, or send their orders, which shall be attended to with despatch.

Baltimore, March 5, 1847—1y.

STOVES, STOVES.

WHOLE SALE AND RETAIL.

THE subscriber most respectfully informs the public, that he keeps constantly on hand a general assortment of Partor and Cooking Stoves, of the most approved patterns.—He is now manufacturing and receiving a splendid assortment of Air-tight Stoves, for parlors and chambers. He has recently obtained a Patent for a Ventilating Air-tight Stove, which keeps up a

Which you see on the exterior, come from, and have their source in; the interior, and might just as well have settled on your lungs, liver, or any other part; which we know they frequently do, and produce most violent inflamatory disorders. The humor which occasions these sores is of a highly acrimonious burning nature. We know it from the pain it gives in forming, and afterwards from its rapidly ulcerating and corroding the flesh and skin of the part where it breaks out. This shows the necessity of frequently purifying the blood with Dr. Sweetzer's Panacea, and keeping such malignant humors in subjection. Should BILES, SORES AND ULCERS, ing such malignant humors in subjection. Should you have a bile or ulcer, be thankful that nature has taken the trouble to warn you of the danger your life and body is in, for it is a warning that the bloed is foul. Had this same acrimony sethe clocd-is lout. The tills same acrimony enters accepted the lungs instead of the surface of your body for its seat, consumption of the lungs would have been the consequence. Delay not then to purify and cleanse with Dr. Sweetzer's Panacea.

SPINE DISEASE. Spinal affections, enlargement of the bones and joints, white awellings, hip joint complaint, ruptures, falling of the bowels and womb disease, will find a speedy cure in Dr. SWETZER'S PANA-CEA. Where the disease has been of long stand-ing, the time required to make a cure will be long-er, but the patient may rost assured that a deter-mined perseverance will effect it.

BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA AND DISEASES OF THE

These diseases proceed from the seriosity or corrupt humors of the blood, having settled itself on the throat and longs, and stopped them up, so that they cannot draw sufficient air in for respiration. Dr. Sweetzer's Panacea will give immediate relief, and to make the cure perfect and certain, it should be continued some time after, to free the system from all bad humors.

DR. SWEETSER'S PANACEA, being composed only of a vegetable matter, or medicinal herbs, and warrented, on oath, as containing not one particle of mercurial, mineral, or chemical substances, is found to be perfectly harmless to the most tender age, or the weakest frame, under any stage of human suffering.

Price \$1 per bottle, or six bottles for \$5. For sale wholesale and retail, at the corner of Charles and Pratt Streets, Baltimore. Also for sale by Thos. M. Flint, Successor to J. H.

Beard, Charlestown,

A. M. Chiuler, Harpers-Ferry,

JOSEPH ENTERR, Shepherdstown,

DORSEY & BOWLY, Winchester,

October 1, 1847—cowly.

A SUPPLY of the address to the ceived and for sale by JOHN P. BROWN. Wheat and Corn Wanted.

By Plaster, Salt, Fish, Tar, &c. always onh and oxchange with the farmers for the Old Furnace, Febuary 26, 1847.

FRESH MACCARONI, for sale by CRANE & SADLER.